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White Paper On India To Be Issued Tomorrow?

Amery And Wavell Will Make Simultaneous Statements

BEVAN SURE OF WORKING MAJORITY FOR LABOUR

LONDON June, 11 (Reuter). The India constitutional problem will be the key issue of the concluding sessions of the British ten-year-old parliament this week and will figure in speeches of many General Election candidates between now and July 5.

I understand that the British Government's long awaited policy announcement on India will be made in the form of a White Paper laid before Parliament and followed at once by a statement in the House of Commons from the Secretary of State Mr. Amery simultaneously with a broadcast from Lord Wavell in India.

It has to be decided whether the announcement will be made on Wednesday or Thursday. Political quarters here are hoping that the announcement will be followed by a debate. This is likely but has yet to be confirmed.

Prominent members of Parliamentary Opposition has been discussing with me the part which India will play in the election campaign. Some await this week's policy statement before settling their own line.

"IN FRIENDLY ASSOCIATION WITH BRITISH EMPIRE"

Mr. Pethick Lawrence, a prominent Labour Front-bencher and consistent champion of Nationalist aspirations, told me that the Labour Party was determined to do everything possible to secure Indian Self-Government at the earliest opportunity in friendly association with the British Empire.

The Independent Member Mr. Vernon Bartlett, a commentator on World Affairs, said: "One of the reasons why I am opposing the Conservative Party is that I think that in the past, it has missed great numbers of opportunities of agreement with India. I do not believe that you will get real Anglo-Indian understanding until you have in power a Government with much more sympathy for poorer people both nationally and internationally."

Mr. James Maxton, leader of the Independent Labour Party, told me that his little party would take broadly the same line as Labour on India.

We are dealing with war issues in fighting this election, he said, and India is the test of the genuineness or otherwise of the Government claims that this is a war for democracy.

LEFT-WING LABOUR OPTIMISM

Left-wing Labour Front-bencher Mr. Aneurin Bevan declared: "The Labour movement hope that as a consequence of election, a Labour Government will be returned with a working majority. From that, vast millions of Indians are bound to benefit as will millions of British people."

All three parties in the British Coalition Government have equally pledged themselves to implement the Cripps' offer. Many Labour men feel, however, the necessity to make India an election topic because of the India Resolution which was adopted by the National Conference of the Party in London at the end of last year.

Recognition of the debt which Britain owes to Indian soldiers will be a point made by a number of election candidates on the Government side. Major R. H. Turton—a prominent Conservative member—summarised this aspect of the question to me thus: "We owe a very great debt to Indian forces, and any new proposals made with regard to the future of India must be conditioned by recognition of this fact."

LIGHTNING STRIKES IN AHMEDABAD

Sequel To Millowners' Refusal To Pay Dearness Allowance

AHMEDABAD, June 11 (A.P.I.)—Restlessness prevails among the local mill operatives at the refusal of the Millowners' Association to pay dearness allowance with the termination of the War in Europe in accordance with the agreement reached with the Labour Association in 1940.

Non-Union workers of Ambica Mills No. One and Two have come out for the last two days while lightning strikes are taking place in some other mills but the officials of the Labour Association prevail upon the workers to resume work.

NANDA'S APPEAL TO WORKERS

Mr. Gulzarilal Nanda, Secretary of the Labour Association, has issued an appeal to the workers not to resort to piecemeal and sporadic action but to wait the decision of the Industrial Court to which the question of dearness allowance has been referred.

Mr. Nanda says, "No one can expect the workers to do without dearness allowance for any length of time in the existing circumstances. If at any stage the workers are confronted with the position that the hope of a just settlement through arbitration of the Industrial Court is taken away from them or their distress becomes unbearable owing to undue delay, no one will blame them if they do not find it possible to carry on work. They can implicitly trust the Labour Association to give them helpful guidance at such a juncture."

Gujerat & Kathiawar Gumasthas' Demands

SURAT, June 11 (A.P.I.)—The two-day session of the first Gujarat and Kathiawar Gumastha Conference came to a close last night after passing a number of resolutions pertaining to various problems affecting the Gumasthas.

A resolution on the political situation demands Independence of India and a Gumastha-Praja-Mazdoor Government.

Other resolutions passed demand that the Bombay Gumastha Act should be applied to all towns in the Province, that the provisions of the Act should be enlarged, and that the Gumasthas should be given decent pay, dearness allowance, bonus, gratuity and should be provided with sufficient rest hours and holidays.

A working committee with Mr. Morarji Desai, former Revenue Minister, Bombay, as President was appointed.



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JOSEPH GREW MAY RESIGN

Sequel To "Amerasia" Espionage Case

NEW YORK, June 11 (U.P.A.)—Columnist Drew Pearson in a broadcast today predicted that Acting Secretary of State Joseph C. Grew would resign ultimately as a result of the "Amerasia" espionage case.

Pearson also predicted that the Allies will invade China by next winter.

WINCHELL ON "AMERASIA" EPISODE

Columnist Walter Winchell, commenting on the "Amerasia" affair today said: "Your reporter believes that plenty of information has been passed out to the Right-wing press by the highest State Department executive without repercussion."

ELMAR DAVIS PREDICTED OUT OF OFFICE SHORTLY

The "Daily News" columnist, Danton Walker, today predicted that Elmar Davis, head of the U.S. Office of War Information, will be out of office by the 1st of September.

CANADA GOES TO POLLS

Will They Conscript Men For Pacific War?

TORONTO, June 11. (Reuter): The important political issue whether Canada shall conscript men for the Pacific war or whether the voluntary system shall prevail was revived at the close of the election campaign and will be decided to-day when the Canadian people complete their task of selecting the Dominion's twentieth parliament writes Reuter's special correspondent. Polling began this morning.

Mr. John Bracken, Progressive Conservative leader and principal opponent of Mr. Mackenzie King, threw out a challenge to the Liberals to accept their war-time responsibilities and not "duck away from conscription as soon as the guns are silenced in Europe".

'Frisco Charter An Empty Vessel

No Attempts To Eradicate Root Causes Of Global Conflicts

From S. A. SABAWALA, "Chronicle Special Representative.)"

SAN FRANCISCO, June 10.

An interesting story is doing the [illegible] here emanating from Moscow. [illegible] discloses an American plan for the colonies and dependent peoples which was to have been discussed at San Francisco. This plan had the support of Russia and China and if thrashed out as a [illegible] of U. N. C.I.O. would have done much to place the Charter on [illegible] substantial basis. However, according to Moscow, the strong opposition of Britain, supported by what now amounts to the virulent madness of France, nullified the whole effort.

I had the good fortune to be present in the same party as Monsieur Paul Boncour which was taken yesterday to Livermore to [illegible] California's biggest Rodeo show [illegible] him with this news. He denied all knowledge of such a plan and went a step further to say that most colonial powers were much misunderstood.

NEW 'MAGNA CARTA'.

In [illegible] days of the Conference, this [illegible] statement brings to a full stop [illegible] hopes that I may have [illegible] that the International Conference would, by tackling the problem of imperialism seek to eradicate the root and cause of all wars. U.N.C.I.O. is drawing to its pre-ordained close. The Charter can now be visualised as a conglomeration of sonorous and high-sounding phrases which will do no real harm and very little good. The preamble, for instance, states: "We, the people of the [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

Let Union Govt. Invite Delegation From India

CAPETOWN, June 11 (Reuter).—The interim report of the Judicial Commission of Inquiry into matters affecting the Indian population in Natal recommends that the Union Government invite the Government of India to send to the Union a delegation composed substantially of Indians to discuss with the Union Government and other bodies all matters affecting Indians in South Africa.

The report, which was tabled in the House of Assembly today by the Minister of Interior Mr. Clarkson, recommends further that the invitation be issued by the Union Government forthwith, that pending acceptance of the invitation, the Commission stand adjourned, and that on acceptance of the invitation the commission be dissolved.

After the Natal Provincial Council had passed four Ordinances affecting the Indian population, including the Residential Property Regulation Ordinance, Mr. Kajee and Mr. Naidoo resigned, and it was announced that Indians would boycott the Commission.

The Commission states that the present situation in Natal is one of non-co-operation on the part of the Indian section and mutual racial animosity between both sections, European and Indian.

The atmosphere is so emotionally charged that clear thought and dispassionate inquiry become very difficult." the report states. "For the time being friendly negotiations and compromise seem to be out of the question. In fact, any Indian leader who suggested such a thing at the present juncture would be committing political suicide."

GROSSLY UNREASONABLE

Continuing the report says: "The Commission takes a serious view of the present attitude of Indian politicians in India. That attitude has encouraged local leaders of a considerable group of South African Indians to put forward demands which they must know [illegible] grossly unreasonable, for instance [illegible] immediate grant of adult [illegible] immediate removal of all [illegible]; immediate withdrawal [illegible] colour-bar restrictions.

"As long [illegible] politicians in India persist in [illegible] attitude of unreasoning encouragement, South African Indians will continue to put forward demands [illegible] are so uncompromising that [illegible] of negotiation is out of the question.

"Moreover the [illegible] propaganda now emanating from India is highly damaging to South [illegible] and may well have serious [illegible] repercussions in the future."

"Mutual understanding between the two countries was greatly promoted by Rt. Hon. Sir Srinivasa Sastri's visit to South Africa in 1927, but much has happened since then. The India of today is a very different country from the India that Sir Srinivasa Sastri revealed to us 18 years ago, and the India of today stands upon the threshold of an even greater advance. We need enlightenment upon these matters.

[illegible] WAY OUT

[illegible] to the conclusion [illegible] way out of the present [illegible] lies in the direction of a [illegible] frank exchange of views between the Government of India and the Government of the Union. The exchange ought to [illegible] the form of personal conversations between representatives of the two Governments. These conversations [illegible] to take place in South Africa

****

ALEXANDER QUOTES CHURCHILL TO INDICT TORIES

LONDON, June 11. (Reuter): Mr. Albert Alexander, First Lord of the Admiralty in the Coalition Government, declared in his election broadcast to-night that Mr. Churchill had become a stalking horse for the Big Conservative party interests and that "the Tories will elbow him out" as they did Mr. Lloyd George.

Mr. Alexander, who is one of Labour leaders, described Mr. Churchill's last radio speech as unworthy and mistaken. "This speech showed that Mr. Churchill and his advisers have come to the conclusion—and I don't blame them—that the Tory record cannot be defended," Mr. Alexander declared.

In the [illegible] years between wars our country had reached a low and sorry ebb. In eighteen and half of them Tories' political power was complete. Their political failure was complete too.

Mr. Alexander said that there was no need for Labour to attack the Tories, for Mr. Churchill had done it for them. Mr. Alexander then quoted the following description of the Conservative Party given by Mr. Churchill in the House of Commons on November 12, 1936: 'decided, only to be undecided. Resolute to be irresolute. All powerful for impotence.'

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Australians Capture Labuan City And Airfield

Landings Made On Jap-Occupied Br. Borneo

CHINESE ADVANCE IN KWANGSI: JAPS CLEARED FROM PEGU VILLAGES

LONDON, June 11 (Reuter). A New York radio report picked up by Reuter's radio station said that Australian troops fighting on Labuan island off Borneo have captured the city and airfield of Labuan.

LANDING ON BR. BORNEO

CANBERRA, June 11. (Reuter): The Australian Acting Prime Minister Mr. Joseph B. Chifley announced to-day that the Ninth Australian Division made a landing in the Japanese occupied British Borneo.

MANILA, June 11. (Reuter): General Douglas MacArthur's headquarters confirming reports of Allied landings in British North Borneo reported to-day that yesterday men of the Australian Ninth Division landed at four points in the Brunei Bay area—Labuan Island, Muara Island and Brooketon on the mainland and on the north-east coast of Borneo against scattered Japanese opposition.

Reuter adds: General George Churchill Kenny is the United States Commander of Allied Air Forces in the Pacific.

Lieut-General Sir Leslie Morshead was last reported to be commander of the First Australian Army Corps in New Guinea on March 1st this year.

NEW PHASE OF AIR-WAR.

GUAM, June 10. (U.P.A.): Military observers to-day believed that a new phase of the air-war against Japan has begun with "Superfortresses concentrating on Japanese factories instead of cities.

CHINESE ADVANCE IN KWANGSI.

CHUNGKING, June 11. (Reuter): Chinese troops have reached a point ten miles north-west of Kweilin, capital of Kwangsi province and important city and river port, to-day's Chinese "communique" stated.

The Chinese in north Kwangsi have struck eastward from Peishou and have reached Liangchiang 12 miles of Kweilin, the "communique" added.

Other Chinese formations in the area of the eastern part of the Kweichos-Kwangsi railway cleared the enemy from Locheng on Saturday. After recapturing Ishan, the Chinese continued to move westward on Liuchow, the former United States air base.

JAP "JITTER" ATTACKS ON ALLIED FORCES

ADV. H.Q., ALFSEA, June 11 (Reuter).—Japanese troops are making fierce "jitter" attacks on Allied forces marching along the road from Kalaw in their attempt to delay Allied advance, writes Narinder Sethi, A.P.I. war correspondent.

They sometimes enter the defensive perimeters of Allied forces at night and keep up the fire. As part of their delaying tactics, the Japanese are blowing up bridges along the road. Frontline reports show that the Japanese are using artillery and have temporarily succeeded in slowing up the advance of Allied forces.

On the Toungoo-Mawchi Road, Indian and British troops spearheaded by tanks are maintaining pressure on the Japanese, who are withdrawing steadily.

East of Prome clashes have been reported between Japanese groups and Allied patrols. In the Pegu area, Indian troops have cleared the Japanese from certain village areas. No fresh Japanese attacks have been reported from this area.

GURKHA TROOPS FORCE JAP WITHDRAWAL

Gurkha troops operating on the Axis of the Toungoo-Mawchi Road forced an enemy withdrawal from positions at milestone 19.4, which our troops occupied, says today's S.E.A.C. 'communique.'

"In the area east of Prome there was patrolling by Punjabi troops. On the eastern slopes of the Pegu Yomas, north of Paunggyi (20 miles west of Pegu) other Indian troops were also engaged in active patrolling.

"Air: 'Liberator' bombers of Air Command yesterday attacked Japanese troop concentrations at Kamamaung, ferry point on the Salween river, 60 miles north of Moulmein. Bombing was well concentrated. Huts were demolished, and one large and several small fires were started."

HEATED DIET DEBATE

MELBOURNE, June 11 (Reuter).—An unexpectedly heated debate in the Japanese Diet has delayed the passage of the new emergency legislation giving the Government dictatorial powers, a Japanese News Agency report intercepted here indicated today.

Lt.-Gen. Nasu, a War Ministry spokesman, said that the Japanese "Home Guard" will only be used in the rear of the regular army forces to maintain communications and in war industries and on harvest work.

JAP SUICIDE PLANE ATTACKS CONTINUE

GUAM, June 11. (U.P.A.): United States forces in their southward push on Okinawa have captured two towns and four hills near the Yaejudake escarpment on which the bloodiest fighting is taking place.

Japanese suicide plane attacks are continuing as revealed by the total of 78 United States ships, most of a light category, sunk or damaged in the Okinawa operations for the greatest mass loss in any single campaign in United States Naval history

"WHEN CHURCHILL CRIED LIKE CHILD"

Herriot's Disclosure In His First Political Speech

PARIS, June 11. (Reuter): Mr. Winston Churchill "cried like a child", when in June 1940 he flew to France on the historic last minute attempt to prevent the French surrender. This was disclosed by M. Edouard Herriot, President of the Chamber of Deputies and former Prime Minister of France when in the first important political speech since release from captivity he referred to the Anglo-French relations.

M. Herriot continued "if at that time, discouraged, he too had capitulated we should not be here to-day united among friends: there would be the Gestapo instead. Naturally France and Britain, sometimes have small quarrels. What must never be forgotten is, that owing to the treachery of our leaders, Britain found herself alone. What would have become of us if Britain had signed an armistice in 1940? We must remain faithful to our old friendship. The British fought for right and liberty. Many died on the battlefields of France. That we must never forget.

If there had not been at the head of the United States, a man like President Roosevelt, if America had not entered the war and if the Russians had had to bear the weight of German armies alone, do you know what would have happened? Face up to the Truth and reject mistaken suggestions put to you by others.

We are a small nation with a population of 40 million among nations of 150,000,000 like Russia and 125,000,000 like the United States. We must have the unity of all behind General de Gaulle, who at a particularly tragic moment took over the destiny of our country."

LATEST COMMERCIAL

COTTON (OCTOBER).

New York, June [illegible]

Previous Closing	22.79
To-day's Opening	22.84
Difference	+05
To-day's Closing	22.79
Difference	nil.

STOP PRESS

CHINESE FRESH GAINS

CHUNGKING, June 11 (Reuter).—Chinese forces operating in the south-western corner of Kwangsi between Nanning and the border of Indo-China have recaptured Mingkiang and Ningming, about 30 miles from the border, and are advancing towards the town of Pinghsiang, stated a second Chinese 'communique' tonight cables Graham Barrow, Reuter's special correspondent.

DICTATORIAL POWERS FOR JAP PREMIER?

SAN FRANCISCO, June 11 (U.P.A.)—Tokyo Radio today reported that the Japanese House of Representative passed an emergency wartime bill granting Prime Minister Kantaro Suzuki virtual dictatorial powers. The bill now goes to the House of Peers where, it is believed, will be approved.

WAVELL'S LAST THROW?

From D. F. KARAKA,
"Chronicle" War Correspondent.
LONDON, June 10.

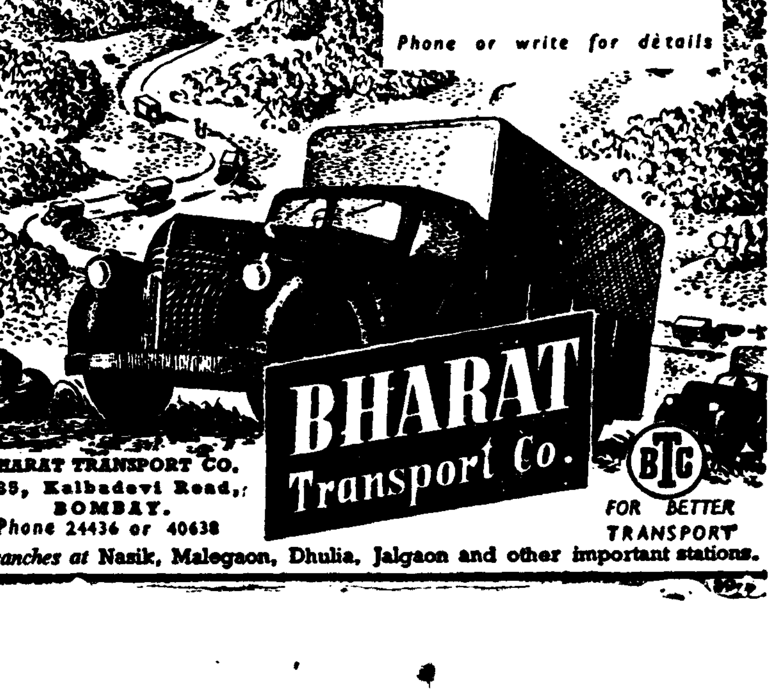
Speculations about Wavell's forthcoming offer are substantially correct and leakage appear to have been like the pronouncement, simultaneous. It means that only two posts, namely of the Viceroy and the Commader-in-Chief, will remain un-Indianised. All others, including Finance, will be Indianised. The newly appointed Finance Member will find the new arrangement somewhat annoying, in view of the fact that he only recently went over from England. The responsibility and initiative of the forthcoming proposals are Wavell's. His three-week visit to England got stretched to ten weeks, because the last phase of the European war made it impossible for the War Cabinet to give any time to Lord Wavell. Even now, everything has been agreed to mainly on Lord Wavell's personal recommendation. If Lord Wavell succeeds, credit must largely go to him. If the new proposals are found unworkable in practice, he will find he has alienated even the moderates who are at present on the Executive Council and who will not return at his beck and call. But Wavell is said to be prepared to risk a gamble. In England to-day, the Indian question is of minor importance. England appears election crazy. A fight between two Indian ghariwallas is more dignified in comparison to the present fight between Conservative and Labour. Whoever wins, England will surely lose in prestige if the fight continues this way.

PARIS, June 11. (U.P.A.): It was revealed to-day that American counter intelligence has captured sixteen thousand black-listed Nazis.

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DIPTI Lanterns

METAL INDUSTRIES LTD.

Prepared To Place Large Orders With British Industrialists

N. R. Sarker Wants Satisfactory Arrangement Of Delivery, Date And Price

BIRMINGHAM, June 11 (Reuter):—The Government of India must press the British Government for priority to be given to India's requirements of machinery and skilled technicians, declared Mr. N. R. Sarker, Indian industrialist and former Commerce Member of the Viceroy's Executive Council, who with other Indian industrialists, has visited a number of British industries.

He said, "We want to place large orders with Britain, but the terms and conditions we have not yet been able to fix. We also want to borrow skilled technicians. It is all a question of labour in Britain.

Even if the British Government releases labour from the fighting forces to make the machines we want and to provide the skilled men we need to go with the machines, there are other people in other countries who want these machines and these men. That is where the Government of India comes into the picture. It must get priority for us."

He would prefer that his order be placed with British firms, but added "If British and Indian Governments do not act conjointly to facilitate placing of these orders in Britain, other manufacturing countries may have to be approached."

A later message from Birmingham says: "As a backward country and in view of her long association with Britain, India has a special claim upon Britain for all the necessary assistance in the matter of supply of machines and technical skill for her rapid industrial development and it is satisfactory to note that most business men in Britain now appreciate this," declared Mr. N. R. Sarker.

He added: "Each individual member of the Indian visitors would like to place orders with Britain if the delivery, date and price can be satisfactorily arranged."

"That is definite", stated one of the party's economic advisers. "It was decided at an informal conference."

Mr. Sarker said: "From the talks I had with British industrialists, I am convinced that they are anxious to supply us with what we need as soon as conditions enable them to do so."

Nevertheless, Mr. Sarker believes that commercial relations between India and Britain will not improve to the extent desirable and possible until there is a satisfactory political settlement in India. Such a satisfactory settlement would involve transfer to the Indian Government control of everything except defence.

There is a general feeling among all the members of the party that the Government of India should expedite procedure in regard to the granting of permission for new capital issues for industrial development purposes.

HOPKINS LEAVES FOR NEW YORK WITHOUT MEETING DE GAULLE

PARIS, June 11. (Reuter): Mr. Harry Hopkins, President Truman's personal envoy, who is on his way home from Moscow after his talks with Marshal Stalin, left Paris today for New York.

He did not see General de Gaulle, who only returned to Paris early this morning after his week-end tour in Normandy.

WHITE HOUSE SELECTS LABOUR ADVISER

WASHINGTON, (I. P. S.) When the Allied Control Commission for Germany embarks upon the task of setting up a new Government to replace the Hitler regime, it will have as its American Labour Adviser an outstanding champion of regular trade unions. He is Paul R. Porter, chairman of the Ship Building Stabilisation Committee, a unit of the War Production Board. He has been chosen by the White House for the adviser's position with the endorsement of the American Federation of Labour, A.F.L. and the C.I.O. the two foremost Labour Organisations. Mr. Porter said in an interview:—"It is a matter of highest importance that German Trade Union Movement should be re-established at the earliest possible moment if Fascism and militarism is to be destroyed for ever."

FRANCE TO HAVE SINGLE-JUDGE COURTS

PARIS, (I. P. S.) Prompted by the necessities of the purge which is still in full swing, the French Cabinet has decided on a revolutionary modification of the French Judicial tradition and accepted the idea of single judge courts. This decision marks the greatest fundamental change in 150 years. Hitherto the courts, civilian or criminal consisted of three judges or more. The purge appears to be an immediate issue in France at the moment equal only to that of food supplies. 32 000 men and women are still in internment camps on charges of collaborationism awaiting judgment.

John Amery Mystery

Home Office Not Aware Of His Whereabouts

LONDON, June 11. (U.P.I.): Mr. John Amery, the traitor son of the Secretary of State for India, continues to make news headlines although his whereabouts are not known to the Home Office.

The Sunday newspaper "People" writes: "The mystery of Britain's two leading traitor broadcasters, William Joyce (Lord Haw Haw) and John Amery grows deeper and deeper.

"Joyce, fit enough to be carried scores of miles by a car after he was wounded two weeks ago is now said not to be fit enough to be flown home by a plane.

"John Amery who broadcast from Berlin for the Nazis and lectured against us in occupied capitals—even Lord Haw Haw did not do that—has disappeared since his arrest in Northern Italy seven weeks ago.

"The Home Office in London said they had no knowledge of any charges against Amery or of his whereabouts".

SR. GRANDI NOT A WAR CRIMINAL?

LONDON, (By Mail) (I. P. S.) Count Grandi's name has not been submitted to the War Crimes Commission by Britain nor by any other country so far, declared Mr Anthony Eden, the British Foreign Secretary in the House of Commons the other day. Is it not a fact that Count Grandi was one of the earliest members of the Fascist Party and has been a consistent supporter of it, asked Mr. Bartlett. "That may be so; said Mr. Eden "Although I am not a lawyer, I would not think that in itself fell within the definition of war crimes."

Sir Homi Mehta In Central Italy

Rome, June 11, (Reuter): Sir Homi Mehta Chairman of the Bombay War Gifts Fund, left Rome with party this morning to visit the Indian Convalescent Depot in Central Italy.

While in Rome, Sir Homi visited the Indian Young Men's Christian Association (the 30th Indian General Hospital and the 32nd Rest Camp and inspected the welfare arrangements for Indian troops including hospitality provided for Indian Other Ranks in the British club in Rome. His next stop is Florence.

New Finance Member For London

(From Our Correspondent.)

NEW DELHI, June 11.

The Government of India's Finance Member, Sir Archibald Rowlands, is going to London by the middle of this month probably on the fourteenth. Apart from renewing contacts he will also study at first hand the British proposals for transition from war to peace conditions and particularly the proposals for retrenchment. He will also discuss matters relating to the financial transactions between the two countries. Informal discussions may also be held for the Indo-British conference for the settlement of sterling balances.

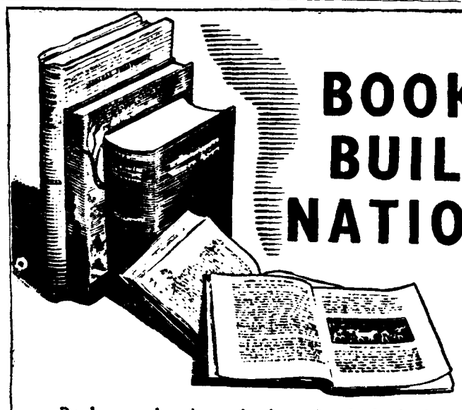
Sir Archibald Rowlands may be away for six weeks during which period Sir Cyril Jones is expected to officiate for him.

Golden Jubilee Of Sadashivgad High School

(From A Correspondent.)

KARWAR, (By Mail).

Sadashivgad Education Society's Private High School, Sadashivgad, which was started on 2nd November, 1895 by Mr. S. B. Nadkarni popularly known as Shuka Master, will celebrate its golden jubilee on the 1st and 2nd November 1945. To commemorate this event, it is proposed to erect a special building for the teaching of Science and Drawing in the school and name the building 'Jubilee Hall'. An appeal for funds has been issued in this connection, wherein it is stated that the name of donors of Rs. 200 or more will be painted in golden letters in the Jubilee Hall. All contributions may kindly be sent to the Chairman, Sadashivgad Education Society, Sadashivgad, Karwar Taluka.



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Bile Beans daily remove impurities from the blood-stream, thus the enriched blood feeds the tissues and removes blemishes, etc. So, if you want a lovely, clear complexion start taking Bile Beans to-night.



OVER ONE MILLION BILE BEANS ARE SOLD EVERY DAY

This is how Bile Beans act. Bile Beans are prepared from pure vegetable extracts and therefore can be taken regularly every night with perfect safety. They tone up the system, purify the blood and daily remove all food waste: thus ensuring internal health and a lovely, clear complexion.

BILE BEANS

MAKE YOU DOUBLY ATTRACTIVE

All Medicine Dealers Sell Bile Beans—

New Stocks have arrived;
Local Agents: Kemp & Co., Bombay.

MORE and MORE HELPERS ARE NEEDED NOW FOR PART-TIME WORK with the W·V·S

You can get full particulars from your WVS office

Carlton's
STRAIGHT VIRGINIA

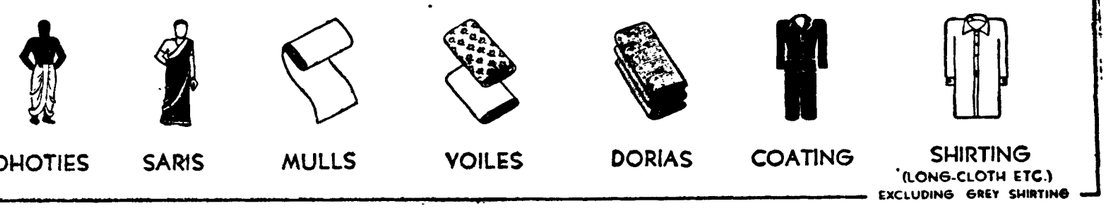


JAMES CARLTON LIMITED. LONDON

R SALIENT FACTS ABOUT RATIONING OF CLOTH

ONLY MILL-MADE COTTON CLOTH IS RATIONED

VARIETIES RATIONED



DHOTIES SARIS MULLS VOILES DORIAS COATING SHIRTING (LONG-CLOTH ETC.) EXCLUDING GREY SHIRTING

TOTAL QUANTUM OF ALL RATIONED CLOTH

PER 6 MONTHS···15 Yds.

Of this you can purchase at the most 10 yards during the first three months and the balance up to the entire quantum in the next three months.

MAXIMUM OBTAINABLE IN EACH VARIETY

ADULT (OVER 6 YEARS)

DHOTIES	SARIS	MULLS, VOILES & DORIAS	COATING	SHIRTING (LONG-CLOTH ETC.) EXCLUDING GREY SHIRTING
12 Yds.	12 Yds.	SEPARATELY OR IN COMBINATION 12 Yds.	8 Yds.	15 Yds.

PER 6 MONTHS···7½ Yds.

Of this you can purchase at the most 5 yards during the first three months and the balance up to the entire quantum in the next three months.

CHILD (BELOW 6 YEARS)

DHOTIES	SARIS	MULLS, VOILES & DORIAS	COATING	SHIRTING (LONG-CLOTH ETC.) EXCLUDING GREY SHIRTING
6 Yds.	6 Yds.	SEPARATELY OR IN COMBINATION 6 Yds.	4 Yds.	7½ Yds.

RAS

YOU ARE ALLOWED ANY COMBINATION WITHIN THE TOTAL QUANTUM AND THE MAXIMUM PRESCRIBED FOR EACH VARIETY

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MUST SEE PICTURE

Nala Damayanti

Starring:
SHOBHANA
PRITHVIRAJ
with
DAVID, JILOO
NAYAMPALLI, TRILOKE

Direction
K. N. SAMARTH

Music:
RAMCHANDRA PAL

Daily: 4, 7 & 10 p.m.
Reservation: 10 to 12, 4 to 6

NEW WEST END
A LUCKY Release

CENTRAL

Daily 4, 7, & 10
Matinees at 1-0 on Sun. & Holidays

RIND PICTURES

6TH WEEK

Laila Majnu

A 'FAMOUS' RELEASE

TWO HEARTS BEATING IN UNISON!!!

And, each trying to appease the other, not caring for consequences!

Central's Emotional ... YATEEM

[redacted] UB

...HA, LALITA ...UMAR, DAVID

Daily: 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
Reservations 10 to 12

In 2nd Week

MINERVA

CAN YOU ALTER YOUR DESTINY?



Yes, it can definitely be altered if you secure the spiritual help of an experienced spiritualist. Madam Mahashakti prepares charms by spiritual power which can solve your most complex problems in life about marriage, love, finance, profession, promotion, transfer, etc., write about any of your troubles in detail and suitable charm will be prescribed to you to secure a speedy relief.

MADAM MAHASHAKTI
(Spiritualist)
27, Jambu.wadi, Dhobi Talao, Bombay 2.

TAKES YOU BACK INTO THE GLORIOUS AGE OF THE GREAT MOGHULS

MEHBOOB PRODUCTIONS

TERRIFIC HIT

HUMAYUN

Stars: ASHOK KUMAR, VEENA, NARGIS, CHANDRAMOHAN, K. N. SINGH, HIMALAYAWALLA & SHAH NAWAZ

Direction: MEHBOOB

4TH BIG WEEK

IMPERIAL

Daily: 4, 7 & 10 p. m.

NAVIN'S

BHARATHARI

4TH

'HOUSEFULL' WEEK AT

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE

Daily: 4, 7 & 10 p. m.

Advance Booking:
9-30 to 12-30 & 3 to 6-30

7TH WEEK

Scintillating Story that springs from the heart.

PANCHOLI ARTS

SHIRIN FARHAD

RAGINI, JAYANT

CAPITOL

Daily: 4, 7 & 9-45

Booking 9-30 to 12-30 & 2-30 to 5

A Prakash Evergreen Release

The BETRAYAL of FRIENDSHIP & LOVE-TROTH
Just to Please the FATHER—
KRISHIN MOVIETONE

PREET



SNEHPRABHA, SUVARNALATA, CHANDRAMOHAN, PAHARI SANYAL, NAZIR

Director: RAM DARYANI

2 SECOND WEEK

MAJESTIC

Daily: 4, 7 & 10.
Booking 10 to 12 & 4 to 6.
A Radium P. Release

HE GAVE INDIA
FREEDOM from Slavery
ARTS, CULTURE
JUSTICE, RIGHTEOUSNESS
were his watchwords. Such was

PRAKASH PICTURES

Vikramaditya

PRITHVIRAJ, PREM ADEEB, BABURAO PENDHARKER, RATNAMALA, RANJANA,

Director: VIJAY BHATT
Art: KANU DESAI

From THURSDAY, 21st JUNE at

Advance Booking: Starts from Sat. 19th June
An Evergreen Release.

SUPER

CITY AND SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu: Jeth Shud 2, 2001.
Muslim: Rajjab 1, 1364.
Parsi: Den 12, 1314.
Sunrise: 5-1 a.m. Sunset: 8-16 p.m.
Average: 1-52, 14-00.
Lowtide: 7-06, 20-56.

To-day's Engagements

ROTARY CLUB: Mr. S. H. Prater will speak on "Mutual Aid in Animal and Human Society" to-day, 1-30 p.m. Only Rotarians can attend.

GATHA SOCIETY: Mr. Sohrabji N. Kanga will speak on "In the Avestan writings there is no mention of a coming Prophet like Bahaulla", at Cama Oriental Institute, at 6 p.m., to-day.

DR. B. N. PURANDARE'S CANDIDATURE: Dr. B. N. Purandare, M.D., F.R.C.S., Chowpaty, Bombay, is contesting the University Senate election from registered graduates' constituency which will take place in July 1945. Dr. B. N. Purandare is at present Hon. Asst. Obstetrician and Gynaecologist in K. E. M. Hospital and Hon. Lecturer in G. S. Medical College Parel.

UNIVERSITY: Mr. Laxmilal Manekal Doctor is a candidate for one of the five seats on the senate of the University of Bombay to be filled up by election from the general constituency of registered graduates, to be held by the end of June. He is a member of the Baroda State Legislative Assembly as also of the Baroda City Municipal Corporation.

MAHADEV DESAI MEMORIAL FUND: The Working Secretary of the Fund writes:—In the list of donations received up to June 7, the 8th name should read Sir Chunilal Bhaichand Mehta and not Bhaichand Mehta as wrongly typed.

SARASWAT VIDYARTHI SAHAYAK MANDALI: The Committee of Management had this year received in all 277 applications from students from different parts of the country for loan scholarships for different courses of studies out of which 154 were granted scholarships of the total value of Rs. 1,125 per mensem. Some are pending disposal.

NEW FREE HINDI CLASSES

The Bombay Hindi Vidyapeeth takes pleasure in announcing the newly opened free Hindi classes to coach for Hindi-Prathma, Madhyama, Uttama, Bhasharatna and Sahitya-Sudhakar examinations, respectively at the following places, on days and times. Students are welcome.

1. Marwadi Vidyalaya, Sandhurst Road, (Saturdays—4 to 6 p.m. and Sundays—8-30 to 11-30 a.m. and 3 to 6 p.m.)
2. Maratha High School, Opera House, (Saturdays 4-30 to 6-30 p.m. and Sundays 8-30 to 11-30 a.m. and 2 to 5 p.m.)
3. Prabhu Seminary, Mustagiri Painter's Bldg., Thakurdwar, every Sunday 8-30 a.m. to 11-30 a.m.
4. St. Joseph's Night High School, Dhobi Talao, Opposite Marine Line Rly. Station (every Saturday 7 to 9 p.m.)
5. Fellowship School, Gowalia Tank, (every Sunday 9 to 11 a.m.)
6. Saraswat Hall, Gamdevi, (daily except Saturday and Sunday 4-45 to 6 p.m.)
7. Sharda Sadan, Near Majestic Cinema, Girgaon, Sundays: 8-30 to 10-30 a.m.
8. Saraswati High School, Ambewadi, Girgaon, Sundays 4-30 to 5-30.
9. Mahila Kala Mandir, Opposite Imperial Cinema, Vithalbhai Patel Road (every Monday, Wednesday and Friday 3 to 4 p.m.)
10. Kulaba Night School, Lower Kulaba, Sunday 9 to 11-30 a.m.
11. Hind Vidyalaya, Angrewadi, Sunday 9 to 11 a.m.
12. Girgaon New English School, Mugbhat (every Sunday 9 to 10-30 a.m. and Saturday 6 to 7-30 p.m.)
13. Chikitsak Samuha High School, Kandewadi. Every Monday, Wednesday and Friday 6 to 7 p.m.

NORTH DIVISION

1. Chhabildas L. Boys' High School, Library Road, Dadar (B.B. & C.I.) Every Saturday 3-30 to 5-30 p.m. and every Sunday 9 to 11 a.m.
2. Municipal Hindi School, L. J. Road Post Office (opposite to it). Every Sunday 4 to 6 p.m.
3. New Naigaom Municipal Marathi Boys' School. Every Sunday 9 to 11 a.m.
4. Parel High School, Opposite K. E. M. Hospital, Parel. Every Sunday 9 to 11 a.m.
5. Lokmanya Tilak Mandir, Vile-Parle. Every Saturday Night 9 to 10.
6. New English School, Near Rly. Station's Post Office, Thana. Every Sunday Morning 9 to 11.

GOVT. SHOPS TO SELL POTATOES AT AS. 2 PER LB.

From Monday (June 11) the price of potatoes sold at Government Grain Shops in Bombay City and Suburbs and at the Government Godown at DeLisle Road will be As. 2 per lb.

New B.B.R.C. Show

The BBRC who gave us "Monsoon Madness," "Doollally Tap," and "Nasik Nightmare" will now present Bombay with yet another variety show—"Nasik Knights."

This latest offering consisting of members of the previous shows, who have been entertaining the forces in Burma, and several new acts fresh from London Vaudeville, has been nicknamed by the many thousands of troops who have seen it "the tune-a-minute show."

The show is being presented to the civilians of Bombay on Monday, June 18th, at the Cowasjee Jehangir Hall, at 9 p.m. at prices of Rs. 3, 2 and 1—H. M. Forces As 8.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

BOMBAY—1
TUESDAY, June 12.

244 m (1,231 kc/s) 8-0 a.m News (H) 8-15 News (E) 8-30 Gururao Deshpande 8-35 Pandit Madhavlal 8-50 News (M) 9-0 News (G) 9-10 Tomorrow 9-15 Master Nisar 9-30 Songs (H) 9-45 Vanbala and Mukta Pakshi 12-30 p.m. Popular Stage Songs 12-45 News (M) 12-50 News (G) 12-55 News (H) 1-0 Selections 1-30 News (E) 1-40 Music 2-30 Break for Lunch (G) 4-20 Teacher's Broadcast (E) 5-0 N. R. Bhattacharya 5-45 Topical Talk 5-55 Locals 6-0 For Forces 6-30 News (E) 6-40 News (H) 6-45 Matters of Moment 6-50 Bhajan 7-0 Shastrunchi Pragati (M) 7-15 Tarabai Gadagkar 7-40 Master Nisar 8-0 Pramila Bai 8-15 News (M) 8-30 News (G) 8-45 Gururao Deshpande 9-0 News (H) 9-20 News (E) 9-30 B. B. C. News 9-45 Federal Constitutions of the World 10-0 Mehli Mehta: Violin 10-30 Harry Horlick's Orchestra 10-50 Hilda Flanders.

Milk Supply Order Challenged In Bombay High Court

Advocate-General Objects That Proceedings Are Misconceived

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Bhagwati).

Nariman Ardesir Proprietorr of the Parsi Dairy Farm .....Petitioner.
vs.
Dr. T. G. Shirnane, Additional Director of Civil Supplies .....Respondent.

This was a petition for a Writ prohibiting the respondent from enforcing the order signed by him directing the petitioner to sell 80 maunds of milk daily to the Municipal authorities for distribution under the subsidised milk scheme, among children and expectant and nursing mothers. The petition also prayed for a Writ of "Certiorari" calling for the records of the proceedings and quashing the order. The petitioner was served with the order on May 26. An interim injunction restraining the respondent from enforcing the order till 11th June had been granted by his lordship during the Court vacation. The validity of the order was challenged and it was now contended on behalf of the petitioner that the subsidised milk scheme had nothing to do with any emergency and was not for any of the purposes for which alone could an order be made under the Defence of India Rules.

The petitioner had been doing business since 1918. He stated that he got only 90 to 95 maunds of milk daily. He had 3,000 regular customers and was under a contractual obligation to supply about 80 maunds to them. Of what remained less than 10 maunds were sold at his shop. By mutual agreement with the Municipal authorities the petitioner had already been supplying 10 maunds daily for the subsidised milk scheme, and even now he was willing to supply the entire balance for that scheme after supplying his regular customers, but the Milk Commissioner, Mr. M. D. Bhat, had not accepted that offer.

GOVERNMENT OBJECTION.

On behalf of the Government a preliminary objection was raised that the proceedings were misconceived because the respondent had not exercised any judicial function but had merely duly authenticated a purely executive order made by the Governor of Bombay which could not be challenged. It was denied that the subsidised milk scheme had nothing to do with the war, in view of the fact that the high price of milk was due to the war.

The Advocate-General referred to a learned and exhaustive judgment" of Mr. Justice Coyajee on the preliminary point and was still addressing the Court on it when the Court rose for the day.

Mr. M. P. Amin and Mr. B. J. Desai instructed by Messrs. Ghandhy & Co. appeared for the petitioner.

The Advocate-General, Mr. C. K. Daphtary instructed by Messrs. Little & Co. appeared for the respondent.

DR. PURDY'S CASE POSTPONED

BOMBAY, Monday.

The case in which Dr. Murray Purdy, Mallikarjun Rao, Robert Goodall and Reuben Safarian are being tried for escaping from lawful custody, causing simple hurt and for wrongful confinement and abetment, came up for hearing at the Esplanade Police Court today.

Dr. Purdy wanted to know the charges against him and the charge sheet was read out. It stated that all the accused escaped from the Arthur Road Jail where they were detained, after assaulting and causing simple hurt to convict overseer Gundaji Govindram and Sepoys Anant Dhondaji and Shivaprasad, and wrongfully confining Mr. S. D. Dastoor and Mr. P. N. Rasne, head Clerk and Senior Jailor, and abetting one another in the commission of the crime.

Dr. Purdy said that the usual procedure was to remand the accused for fourteen days to enable him to prepare the defence.

Mr. C. B. Velkar, Police Prosecutor, stated that the warrant procedure could be resorted to, so that, the defence could reserve cross examination until after the examination of the prosecution witnesses. This procedure would give ample time to prepare for the defence. He said a witness had to be taken to Sholapur shortly, and requested that at least that witness be examined before the case was adjourned.

Dr. Purdy said he wanted to engage a counsel for defence and applied for a postponement. On behalf of the other accused, Mallikarjun Rao joined Dr. Purdy in making the application and the case was postponed to June 18.

Reuben Safarian, the fourth accused stated that he was a Turkish national detained under the Foreigners' Act and wanted to know whether the detention order was cancelled now that a charge had been made against him. The Magistrate replied that he did not know anything about it but ordered that facilities be given to him to write to the Turkish Consul in Bombay.

"BANKRUPTCY OF LEADERSHIP"

A. K. Pillai On "India And Britain"

Speaking on "India and Britain" at a meeting held under the auspices of Radical Democratic Party at Sundrabai Hall on Monday evening. Mr. A. K. Pillai said that profound changes were taking place everywhere in the world except in India where the condition was not better than a quarter of a century ago. But there were still some gleanings of progress in that an agricultural country was slowly turning out to be an industrial country. People, he said, were becoming political minded, but unfortunately, for the bankruptcy of leadership the country would have seen the light of freedom long ago.

In England, according to him, there seemed to be a revolutionary movement, submerging the social and political states and bringing about an assimilation of foreign and domestic policies. The common man in England, he held, had always stood for the freedom of other countries, and in a changed England, there seemed to be a great sympathy for Indian aspirations.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE NEWS

BOMBAY, Monday.

The Governor of Bombay visited Ration Cloth Shops.

Lady Colville visited the Women's Auxiliary Air Force Officers Hostels and Mess.

The Governor of Bombay received a party of Ex-Prisoners of War consisting of Viceroy's Commissioned Officers and Indian Other Ranks of the Indian Army.

MOSCOW, June 10, (Reuter): Men and girls of the Soviet forces are quartered round the city, but the main Red army centre is in and around the south-eastern lakeland suburb of Wenden-Schloss which has been taken over in entirety for billets.

A Press Note issued by the Supply Commissioner, Bombay, states that with effect from July 1, 1945, no fresh applications in 'N' forms for kerosene for non-lighting purposes will be entertained at the Ward Rationing Offices in the Bombay Suburban District.

THEY PROCLAIM INDIA'S SUBORDINATE POLITICAL STATUS

Discriminating Sections Of Govt. Of India Act Must Be Repealed Says Manu Subedar

BOMBAY, June 11 (A.P.I.)—Mr. Manu Subedar, M.L.A. (Central), whose resolution for the repeal of Sections 111 to 121 of the Government of India Act, 1935, was accepted by the Central Assembly, says in a press statement:

"First things ought to come first. Even the Executive Councillors are reported to have been disappointed at the absence of repeal of these discriminating sections of the Government of India Act of 1935, which are offensive, as they proclaim India's subordinate political status and which, it is now admitted on all sides, would prevent effective steps for the sustaining of existing industries and the promotion of new ones in India, rendering post-war planning for India impossible.

Economic deterioration has now reached its climax, with inflation, coal and transport muddle, defective controls and corruption. The least that is required for any body of men who have to carry on Government and who are expected to restore stability and confidence, is that their hands should not be tied up with these obnoxious provisions, giving unusual privileges in India to United Kingdom trade, shipping and industry."

"DEFEAT FOR INDIA IS DEFEAT FOR U. S."

Allied Servicemen's Message To Bengal T. U. C.

CALCUTTA, June 11. (U.P.I.): Six British and American soldiers, now in Calcutta, have sent the following message to the Bengal Provincial Trade Union Conference: "We, the workers from all parts of the world, India, Soviet, English, American, Chinese—have one aim and one common struggle. Defeat for India is defeat for us. Free India is our own guarantee of freedom. Our people have the greatest faith in the ability of the Indian working class to lead your countrymen—Hindu and Muslim in a united front for freedom".

MANCHESTER, June 10. (Reuter): Mr. G. D. Birla, Indian Industrial magnate, commenting on the British Government's decision to remove restrictions on export and production, told Reuter "The question of removal of these restrictions in India is an urgent one and should be dealt with at once."

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(SABU DANA)

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(1) INVIGORATING BEVERAGE TO THE SICK AND INVALIDS

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—FROM—

THE EXCELSIOR FINISHING PRODUCTS CO., LTD.,
21, Forbes Street, Fort
BOMBAY.

Also Available

'XL' BRAND TAPIOCA STARCH USED BY LEADING TEXTILE MILLS.



Alas! Enjoyment has no meaning to her

When the world is gay, youth and romance respond. But her frail body is too cold to accept the warmth. ——and she needs

ERATONE

For rapid restoration of Strength, Stamina and Vitality.

ERA LD

EASTERN RESEARCH ASSOCIATION LTD.
CALCUTTA



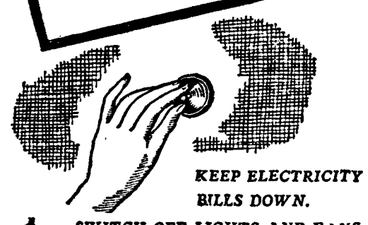
DEFEAT SCARCITY BY FRUGALITY

HELP INDIA

—HERE'S HOW!

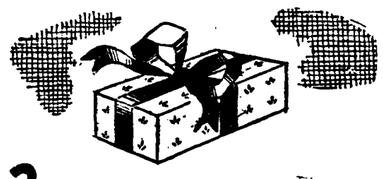
Make everything you own or use last as long as possible. Not only has frugality become the fashion, it is a patriotic duty. Unless you help to ease the strain on supplies, India's poor suffer hardships.

From the personal point of view, regular economy also means a regular small money saving. The rupees you *don't* spend now will quickly add up.



KEEP ELECTRICITY BILLS DOWN.

1 SWITCH OFF LIGHTS AND FANS WHEN NOT IN USE.



3 DO NOT GIVE COSTLY PRESENTS.



5 USE METAL UTENSILS INSTEAD OF CHINA



2 TURN OFF DRIPPING TAPS. WHY PAY EXTRA WATER CHARGES?



4 SAVE MONEY BY STAYING AT HOME.



6 NO NEW CLOTHES FOR A YEAR!

BUY NOTHING YOU CAN DO WITHOUT

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1 month	Rs. 4	Rs. 4	

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PAYMENT STRICTLY IN ADVANCE

ALL-INDIA WEATHER

POONA, June 11.

The following is the weather chart, showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours since January 1, 1945, and departure from normal recorded at 9 a.m. (I. S. T.), on June 11:—

Abu 96 83 0 1.6 minus 0.3, Ahmedabad 113 84 0 0.4 minus 0.3 Allahabad 113 88 0 2.0 minus 1.3, Bangalore 86 68 0 4.7 minus 3.6, Baroda 114 84 0 0.5 nil, Belgaum 84 70 0 3.3 minus 4.0, BOMBAY 92 82 0 3.6 minus 1.5 Calcutta 95 81 0 9.7 minus 3.3, Darjeeling 67 56 0.6 20.5 minus 1.3, Dehra Dun 104 77 0 9.9 plus 0.7, Delhi 113 84 0 1.5 minus 2.0, Hyderabad (Dn.) 98 75 0.4 1.8 minus 3.1, Jacobabad 117 80 0 0.2 minus 0.9, Lahore 112 73 0 7.4 plus 3.3, Lucknow 114 81 0 1.9 minus 1.3, Madras 103 83 0 5.3 plus 0.9, Mahabaleshwar 80 63 2.5 6.8 minus 2.2, Mussoorie nil nil nil nil nil, Mysore 83 68 0 11.7 plus 1.7 Nagpur 110 82 0 2.5 minus 2.7 Cotacamund 68 52 0.2 3.4 minus 12.2, Pachmarhi 102 77 0 1.2 minus 2.5, Poona 97 76 0 1.9 minus 1.6, Simla 81 69 0 12.6 minus 0.4, Surat 101 84 0 0.5 minus 0.9.—A. P. I.

2.38 INCHES OF RAINFALL IN BOMBAY

All the rain to the credit of Bombay, according to Colaba Observatory figures, is 2.58 inches. This is the total since the beginning of the year.

The past twenty-four hours recorded no rainfall in any part of the city though there were intermittent threats of cloud-burst. The skies continue to remain murky most of the time.

The maximum temperature recorded at Colaba was 91.7 or 3.4 degrees above normal. The minimum touched during the 24 hours was 82 which was below the normal figure by 3.8 degrees. In the heart of the City and even in the suburbs these figures were no doubt exceeded.

New Temperature Record For Ahmedabad

(From Our Correspondent.)

AHMEDABAD, June 11.

A maximum temperature of 122 degrees, the highest ever recorded in the last seventy-five years was registered yesterday.

Monsoon Breaks Out At Margao

MARGAO, June 11 (A.P.I.)—The monsoon broke here definitely last night. Sowing in the rice fields is in full swing.

Last year, after a good beginning the rains stopped precisely when more rains were needed and the rice crops failed causing great scarcity of rice. Agriculturists look to the future with greater hopes this year.

A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

When a man injures me I strive to lift up my soul so high that his offence cannot reach me.

—Descartes

The Bombay Chronicle

CHURCHILL'S MANIFESTO

A remarkable point, which has been promptly noted about Mr. Churchill's election manifesto on behalf of his party, is that he is extremely shy of the label "Conservative", so much so that he has altogether dropped the words "Conservative" and the "Conservative Party" Whatever disguise he may plan for himself and his party, the omission of the historic word, of which he was proud till quite recently, shows a consciousness of being on the defensive. That consciousness runs also practically through his entire 8,000 word effort to win over the electorate. The people of Britain will, of course, be primarily interested in Mr. Churchill's domestic programme. It is a plea to the British to place their future in the unrestrained hands of well placed individuals, the capitalists and financiers. They are asked, as Sir Stafford Cripps says, to "stimulate, help, encourage and subsidise private enterprise in the hope that somehow, in an unexplained way, we should be able to cure the defects from which our economy had always suffered".

The rest of the world will, however, be interested in Mr Churchill's international Imperial and colonial views. He wants a Britain which is strong and ready "to fight in the defence of freedom". What enthusiastic and genuine champions of freedom Mr. Churchill and his party are going to be is clearly indicated by Mr. Churchill's ill-concealed hostility to Europe's swing to the Left, by his attitude in respect of peoples desiring freedom from European Imperialism and by the revelation—the first in a series, we hope—by "Pravda" of his opposition to the United States proposals at the Moscow Conference about the administration of colonies. His stand has always been upon the alleged right of Britain to administer her colonial empire as if it were Britain's private property. It is to be exploited for British economic and political purpose subject to a vague mention of the interests of the colonial peoples and a vaguer promise "to lead them forward to self-governing institutions." Both are ancient provisos without any sign of their realisation within any measureable distance of time Nor is India to fare much better if Mr. Churchill's will prevails. It is very interesting to note that apart from the usual characteristically and traditionally British solicitude for minorities—a solicitude the "bonafides" of which the "minorities" themselves regard as humbug—Mr. Churchill particularly emphasises the responsibility of the British towards the feudal Indian States. And they the British, have just fought as they claim so proudly, a Great War for democracy and freedom of peoples! These are however, not new. There appears to have been made a significant addition to Britain's "responsibilities" in India. The language in which the reference is made suggests that Mr. Churchill plans to make the "Indian Army" a separate identity the interests of which should be statutorily secured in any future constitution. But even that remarkable condition is not the most noteworthy feature of Mr. Churchill's one-paragraph design for India. He envisages no plan for India's independence or even Dominion Status but only "a fuller opportunity to achieve Dominion Status". This is a repudiation even of the Cripps Offer. India never had any illusions about Mr. Churchill. But India welcomes the fact that he is making his intentions plain.

As to his International policy, Mr. Churchill's words are platitudes already marked by exposure in actual operation. He builds British policy on the alliance with the U.S.S.R. and the U.S.A Neither of them is now making a secret of what it thinks of Mr. Churchill and his policies. Similarly his claim to the approval and respect of small states finds, with few exceptions, expression in criticism of Britain. Mr. Churchill's now conspicuous failure in the realm of international affairs as a post-war democratic statesman is not surprising. In fact, it is inevitable in the case of a man who is inspired by reactionary and imperialistic aims and ambitions which his manifesto so unmistakably sets forth. What in the interests of the world of its genuine peace and prosperity Mr. Churchill and his nameless party deserve is oblivion.

Frankly Speaking

Burma Rice Trade

The grievances of the rice merchants of India, Burma and Ceylon, placed before Mr. N. R. Pillay, Government of India's Secretary in the Department of Commerce, on Saturday by Seth Vali Mahomed Dada, President of the Merchants' Conference, raise several vital issues which demand the serious attention of the Government and the business community of India. They involve a trade of not less than 30 crores a year and affect two lakhs of Indians living on that trade. The trade was built up by Indians slowly and laboriously through about eighty years but is now seriously threatened less by the war than by intriguing developments following the reconquest of Burma. Recently the Secretary of State for Burma assured British oil interests that the position which they had built up in Burma would be completely safeguarded. But no such assurance seems to have been given to the Indian rice interests in Burma.

Suspicious

What is more suspicious is that, while representatives of British business are understood to have already gone to Burma and to have been given facilities for restarting their business there, Indians are held back by vexatious red tape and the excuse that a sufficient number of ships are not available to carry Indians to Burma. Seth Vali Mahomed has evidently reason to fear that the start which the British Business have thus got may enable them to consolidate their position and develop their activities and that the same may place the Indian business at a considerable disadvantage in the future. It is also understood that attempts are being made by the British Government to capture the rice trade of Burma and that the entire exportable surplus may be taken up by the U. K. C. C. on the plea that the surplus must be distributed equitably among the liberated countries where scarcity prevails. Nobody objects to any equitable distribution but surely the share of India and Ceylon ought to go through the normal channels. A small number of representative rice merchants from India and Ceylon should be allowed to proceed to Burma at once to see how the interests of the two countries can be best safeguarded. And to this end they should be given by the Government of India all the facilities they need.

Medical Relief

It is extremely gratifying to note that in consequence of the insistent stress laid on the constructive programme by Gandhiji a number of district uplift societies have sprung up and are doing valuable work. But owing to financial and other difficulties the scope of many of these societies is at present very limited. Medical relief, for instance, is not much in evidence clearly because it is a costly service, considering the present high cost of drugs and the fairly high remuneration that has to be given to duly qualified doctors to attract them to the smaller towns and villages. Therefore, effective medical relief on a wide scale needs the co-operation of Government, local bodies and the public. The first two agencies should take the initiative in the matter, and the public of each taluka should collect whatever funds they can to enlarge the scope of the schemes adopted by Government and local bodies for their taluka. The schemes of medical relief that are being devised by the Kasturba Memorial Committee promise to be an example to the public. A good illustration of what can be achieved by devoted private effort is the Peace Hospital recently started at Honavar in North Kanara. This was mainly the result of the initiative and strenuous and persistent efforts of Revd. Father George in collecting funds for the hospital. His example of service of suffering humanity deserves to be emulated in other parts of the country. When any necessary service is started and carried on selflessly by any private agency, it will seldom suffer for lack of funds.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS

A woman's maiden aim is to change her maiden name.

* * *

It doesn't take a very large man to make a big boast.

* * *

Optimism is sometimes due to a shortage of experience.

* * *

You never hear a man boast that his wife shines his shoes.

* * *

When some people are unable to do a thing they boast of it.

* * *

Money isn't everything. Sometimes credit answers the same purpose.

A "VANGUARD" CONCOCTION

Mr. S. N. Majumdar Contradicts Report Of His Speech

Mr. S. N. Majumdar, Editor-in Chief in India, of the Globe Agency (Hulton) Ltd., writes from Calcutta under date June 7th:—

My attention has recently been drawn to a report, which appeared in the "Vanguard" of Delhi, of a speech purported to have been delivered by me in the last week of April. I am pained to observe that the reported version of my speech is greatly distorted. I was inclined to ignore it altogether but I understand that some political capital is being sought to be made out of it by interested parties and I, therefore, consider it my duty to contradict it.

I went to the Radical Democratic Party Office at Lahore to meet Mr. V. B. Karnik. Mr. Karnik in introducing me to his party men who were present there referred to me as a staunch Congressman and said that I had no connection with the Radical Democratic Party. We discussed Indian politics in an informal way and being requested I spoke in general terms about present-day tendencies in Indian politics criticising the communal and provincial parochial nationalism. Evidently some enthusiastic Radical Party reporter put words into my mouth which might be misconstrued as criticism of Indian National Congress. It is a travesty of truth to insinuate that I said that Congress had adopted fascistic tendencies. To say this would stultify my own position. I contradict the whole report of the speech which appeared in the "Vanguard" as it has obviously been distorted for party propaganda.

As a Congressman for the last 27 years I served Congress in my humble way in the press and from platforms. I can assure my aggrieved friends that I am still a staunch Congressman and a nationalist having unflinching faith in Congress ideals and aspirations.

Khalsa College And Morning Classes

The exposition of Mr. M. V. Donde appearing in your esteemed issue of 7th instant, very rightly and courageously supports the view, justifiable indeed, that the Morning Classes should be held. It is a benefit viewed not only from the students' point of view but also from the general outlook of life, conducive to the development of progressive action all round. It is a sad fact to note that in India education has yet to be widespread, for the number that needs education is considerable. A praiseworthy and notable work is being done by the Foreign Universities, who hold and encourage study whilst one is earning. Education can never be measured in terms of money and the advantages derived from education are manifold and its results especially in moral and cultural fields of endeavours are surpassing and excellent. It is unfortunate that this venture of the Khalsa College in holding Morning Classes should meet with cloudy weather darkening the bright horizon, particularly when efforts like that, put forward by Mr Jathar, the Principal of Khalsa College, deserve stimulation and support. Assuredly the good work done by the Khalsa College Morning Classes should be widely supported and encouraged.

It is, therefore, essential that not only the Khalsa College Morning Classes should continue in their vigour and rigour and the welfare of the students maintained thereby, but also other Colleges should start similar Morning Classes so that the student world—the future mainstay of the nation—be benefited immensely. It is a well-known fact that the Indian student world is having a keen struggle for achieving educational betterment, promoting thereby individual and general well-being. Specially from the moral, cultural, and financial points of view, the morning college classes provide an admirable aid to developing general good and individual, family and national happiness. Educated persons make good citizens The holding of the Morning Classes does immense good and should be strongly advocated. I am confident that the Educational Authorities will use their might and main to make the morning classes a continued and glorious success.

J. E. MENEZES.

How Can Village Industries Succeed?

By MAHATMA GANDHI

I have separated other village industries from khadi and called them planets and the Charkha or the Spinning Wheel I have described as the Sun. As a matter of fact there is no real reason for such a distinction for khadi is also a village industry. But it has acquired a special position, and it is because of this special position which it has attained that we can now talk about other village industries.

To-day we are not required to prove the special position gained by khadi but we are required to find out ways and means of putting it and other village industries on a stable footing.

ROLE OF MACHINERY.

One of the ways is to resort to centralised production of man's necessities, through machinery worked by power, and requiring the minimum of human labour. This results in increasing the number of a few rich and in multiplying the wants of the people Even if all such centralized industries are state-owned it will make no difference to me. For the tendency to increase wants will not be any less even if such industries are owned by the state, on the contrary it is likely to find a still firmer footing. Only the work of increasing wants will pass from the hands of small capitalists to the bigger capitalists, or the state, and it will gain the sanction of public support. This is how things are being done in England and America. At present I am purposely leaving out Russia because their method is only in its infancy; therefore I dare not bring it in for the sake of comparison. I hope that Russia will produce something wonderful. But I must confess that I am doubtful about its being able to bring forth anything really useful. I shall consider it a great success, if through it, really all the wealth goes into the hands of the poor, and the mental and physical freedom of every person is at the same time secured. And in that case I will have to revise my present concept of Ahimsa.

Now I come to the main point. In England and America, machinery rules supreme. On the contrary in India human labour has been given the first place, and of this, village industries are an emblem. Or in other words, through revival of village industries, we are aiming at village reconstruction. In the West a handful of persons, with the aid of mechanical power, rule over others. In India, on the other hand, the great task of bringing out what is best in every individual is being attempted by the A.I.S.A., A.I.V.I.A. and other allied institutions. From this point of view the advancement of Western civilisation seems to be an easy thing, but to develop and organize the latent capacities of individuals, through village industries, appears to be a very difficult task.

MATERIAL V. SPIRITUAL VALUES.

Looking at it from another point of view, it may be said that it will be futile in the long run for a handful of men, with the aid of steam and other power, to try to rule over men. In that case demoralization will necessarily be on the increase. By using the human power available to us by the million, demoralization will decrease. There is no possibility of failure. For here along with human power we obtain the support of spiritual power. In the other method no value is attached to things of the spirit. In short, if in the case of village industries we do not truly obtain God's help, we are bound to fail. The Western method appears to be successful, but in the long run there is nothing but failure in it. For it destroys the very desire to work.—"Gram Udyog Patrika".

Congress At Crossroads

1922—26

Today as India awaits the next step one is inevitably reminded of 1922. In 1921 India had reached the peak of non-co-operation. The country was far more united than it has been ever since. Gandhiji's leadership was undisputed, except for the defection in 1920 of Moderates like Sinha, Chintamani and Surendra Nath Bannerji. The people were full of revolutionary enthusiasm and prepared to sacrifice to any extent to realise the slogan of "Swaraj within one year"—which was almost as effective and dynamic as the '42 slogan of "Quit India." The dominating personalities on the scene were Mahatma Gandhi, C. R. Das, Motilal Nehru, Vithalbhai Patel and the Ali brothers. India had awakened for the first time since 1857 to an open rebellion against British Imperialism.

Swaraj, however, did not arrive and 1921 went. The regrettable incident of Chauri Chaura, when some policemen lost their lives, occurred on Feb. 4th 1922 Mahatma Gandhi, rightly or wrongly, withdrew the movement. The erstwhile fighters could scarcely absorb the shock. The Government woke up to the necessity of imprisoning the leaders who were all rounded up, Gandhiji being sentenced to six years. Then followed the anti-climax. No one knew what to do. A Civil Disobedience Enquiry Committee was appointed to tour the country. Its reports stated that the country was not prepared for another upheaval.

Meanwhile, the Constitution was being worked smoothly, thanks to the Congress boycott of Assemblies and Councils. In 1922, a small but important section of the Congress, under the leadership of C. R. Das, began to feel that the policy of abstaining from the Legislatures and other constitutional bodies was wrong and that these channels must also be exploited for fighting the government. This gave rise to the Swarajist Party, at the Calcutta Session of the A.I.C.C. in Nov. '22. When Gandhiji was released on Feb. 5, 1924, he was faced with this Council Front which had assumed a fair importance. He himself was dead against it, but determined to avoid an open split, he compromised The result was the Gandhi-Das Pact, whereby that section of the Congress which so desired, was allowed to fight the Government constitutionally, while the no-changers under the leadership of Gandhi were to carry on constructive work and educate the country. This was officially ratified at the Congress Session at Belgaum in the same year. Gandhiji himself virtually retired from active politics.

What followed is interesting. In the beginning the Swarajists were undoubtedly very successful, but the success lasted only so long as C. R. Das lived to keep the objective clear. As soon as he died in 1925 cleavages appeared and out of the Swarajists rose another faction of "Responsivists" who believed in discriminative co-operation. These were represented by men like Jayakar, Kelkar, Tambe, and later Lajpat Rai. Not only did they thereby weaken the Congress position, but became rallying nuclei of reactionary and communal elements, completely unfit to fight or risk.

Today Mahatma Gandhi may have to face a similar situation to the one after his release in '24. He himself definitely does not believe in parliamentarian tactics, but an assertion of his views may cause a split even if he is backed by the Congress Working Committee. The British are probably banking on that. The issues involved today, however, are not the same nor are the personalities equally big. Swarajists under the leadership of C. R. Das were uncompromising fighters and entered the legislatures, etc., to fight and obstruct. Today the cry of the parliamentarians is openly a cry of unqualified co-operation—a step in advance of even the 'Responsivists' and this in spite of 1942!—(NIPP)

MONTGOMERY OUT TO DRIVE HOME TO GERMANS FULL MEANING OF DEFEAT

FRANKFURT ON MAINE, June 11. (Reuter): Field-Marshal Sir Bernard Montgomery, in a message broadcast last night, to the German population of the British-occupied portion of the Reich on the issue of fraternisation, said: "This time the Allies are determined that you should learn your lesson—not only that you have been defeated, which you must know by now, but that you—your nation—were again guilty of beginning the war.

"For, if that is not made clear to you and your children, you may again allow yourselves to be deceived by your rulers and led into another war".

"During the war, your rulers would not let you know what the world was thinking of you", Field-Marshal Montgomery continued. Many of you seem to think that when our soldiers arrived you could be friends with them at once, as if nothing had happened. But too much has happened for that. Our soldiers have seen their comrades shot down, their homes in ruins, their wives and children hungry. They have seen terrible things in many countries where your rulers took the war"

"You are to read this to your children if they are old enough and see that they understand. Tell them why it is that the British Soldier does not smile".

Field-Marshal Montgomery indicated that non-fraternisation orders would not be relaxed even to allow greater contact with German children when he stated: "You have wondered, no doubt, why our soldiers do not smile when you wave hands or say 'good morning' in the streets, or play with children. It is because our soldiers are obeying orders".

Mahatma's Fountain Pen Lost

PANCHGANI, June 11. (U. P. I.): Mahatma Gandhi's fountain pen with his name on it is lost Another pen of an Ashramite is also lost.

Those who find them will be rewarded prizes of Rs. 200 for the first pen and Rs 50 for the second pen respectively.

A notice to the effect has been circulated in the local bazar. Those who find them are requested to return to the National Stores, Panchgani.

Sindhi Students To See Mahatma

PANCHGANI, June 11. (O.P.I.): A group of eight Sindhi students, including Miss Pramilla who won the first prize in spinning, has arrived here to see Gandhiji and seek his advice regarding constructive programme and affairs of the students of Sind. Mr. Jairamdas has arranged a meeting with Gandhiji.

Waste Wood is being converted in a Salzburg Laboratory in Austria into meatlike foods richer in vitamins than beefsteak. The formula is the discovery of Doctor Freidrich Bergius, a noted German scientist now working with the United States Infantry Division personnel.

COURT CAUSERIE

By NESTOR

The Privy Council Trips

The Privy Council's remarks about the attitude of the Bombay Bar in an appeal by Mr. Shamdasani against his committal for contempt of court by Mr. Justice Kania appear to me to be unjustified, and its decision in allowing the appeal erroneous. In the course of argument in a case before Mr. Justice Kania, Mr. Shamdasani said, "I do not keep anything back at all. My fault is that I disclose everything unlike members of the bar, who are in the habit of not doing so and misleading the court." On this the judge was moved by the Counsel on the other side to punish Mr. Shamdasani for contempt of Court. Their Lordships of the Privy Council regarded Mr. Shamdasani's observation as a mere tactless and intemperate statement not infrequently made—not only by the ignorant but by people who ought to know better, and would no doubt continue to be made so long as there was the profession of advocacy. I do not know that this statement is frequently made in courts, and at any rate, the fact that a statement has been made over and over again should not make any difference if it is one which infringes the law. In fact, the only way of ensuring that such statements are not made frequently is to punish them and it is a well-recognized principle of jurisprudence that the more common the violation of a particular law, the more difficult it is to stop it and the more deterrent is the sentence it calls for. Their Lordships of the Privy Council have said that it would have been more consonant with the dignity of the Bar to have ignored this foolish remark and that the Bar could surely maintain its dignity and prestige without having to invoke this contempt jurisdiction. As regards contempt of court, the text laid down by their Lordships is that it must be such as would interfere or tend to interfere with the course of justice. If Counsel are to be baulked by wanton insults in open court, how is the administration of justice to proceed smoothly in courts of law? Suppose the Bar as a whole were to refuse to appear in any case against Shamdasani, how would justice be administered in those cases? By the very test laid down by the Privy Council offensive statements of this nature directed against Counsel must amount to contempt of court and it is the duty of every court of law to protect those practising in it from such insults.

* * *

The Income-Tax Tribunal

The most successful of the recent legislative innovations was the creation of the Income-tax Appellate Tribunals by the Income-tax Amendment Act of 1939. The Tribunal started functioning from December, 1940. There were initially three benches, one at Delhi, the other at Bombay and a third at Allahabad—each consisting of a law member and an accounts member. Due to heavy arrears of work in Bombay a fourth bench was created (known as the President's Bench, because the President of the Tribunal sat in it) which also functioned in Bombay. A fifth bench was created for Madras last year but that has now been dissolved so that one of the Bombay benches will go on circuit to Madras for a month or two for disposal of work as it used to.

The Tribunal hears appeals on facts as well as on law from Appellate Assistant Commissioners of Income-tax, which formerly lay to the Commissioner of Income-tax. The Commissioners used to reject almost all appeals by assessees. The Tribunal has, on the other hand, been very fair and free in granting relief to the assessee. Roughly, seventy per cent of the appeals heard by the Tribunal are successful from the point of view of the assessee. What does this prove? In our opinion it proves that the Appellate Assistant Commissioners from whose orders they are preferred, are not independent and fearless enough to decide against the Government.

What with the war and the impetus it has given to business, the number of income-tax appeals coming up before the Tribunal is increasing day by day. More benches should be created. We cannot understand why the Government should have dissolved the separate bench it had temporarily created for Madras. What is most important is the personnel of the Tribunal. At present appointments are made for a period of five years only. Membership of the Tribunal is regarded as a stepping-stone to High Court judgeship. Of its four law members, two have already been so elevated—one to the bench of the Allahabad High Court and the other to the bench of the Madras High Court. In order to give the public greater confidence in their independence it would be desirable to make appointments to the Tribunal not from persons already in Government service but from professional men and should be permanent so as to give them security of tenure. Further, it would be conducive to the disposal of a larger volume of work than at present if the hours of work of the Tribunal are regularized and fixed by the Government. Our High Court has recently had to pull up the Tribunal in a couple of Income-tax References for not recording its findings of fact in clear terms, as it should as the ultimate fact-finding authority—the High Court being confined to decision of points of law. On the whole, however, the Tribunal has been an outstanding success and it will continue to command the confidence of the commercial community of our country as long as it is composed of persons of unquestioned integrity and independence. With the rapid industrialisation of our country and mounting rates of taxation, income-tax will ever remain the sore point of our society Dealing as it does with a taxing statute, the Tribunal should always be generous in granting relief and should lean in favour of the assessee as it now does.

* * *

Polygamous Marriages

The English Divorce Court has for the first time held a Hindu marriage to be valid on the direct issue of the validity of that marriage The reluctance of English Courts to so hold it has been due to its polygamous character. But there is polygamy in nature everywhere, and there is a considerable body of opinion which holds that man, too, is by nature polygamous. At any rate, I fail to see why the legality of a marriage should be questioned merely on the ground of its polygamous character.

TÊTE-A-TÊTE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

Mr. George Thompson, forme. owner of Mr. Churchill's famous lion, Rota, wants Rota exhibited throughout Britain as an aid to Mr. Churchill's election campaign.

Mr. Thompson, who used to keep the lion in his garden until the neighbours complained, when he gave the lion to the Premier, says that Rota's nobility would win the Prime Minister thousands of votes.

—Globe.

* * *

The latest from New Delhi is that the release of Congress leaders will accompany the imminent publication of the Wavell Plan and not follow the setting up of the new Executive.

That, of course, is why Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru and Acharya Narendra Deo have just been transferred to Almora for the hot months.

* * *

Sir Stafford Cripps is reported to have "considerable hopes" that the British Government would presently make a proposal "which would find acceptance in India".

There's nothing like a Cripps Hopefulness, unless it be a Cripps Offer.

* * *

Demanding of the Viceroy three seats in the Wavell Plan Executive instead of the rumoured one, their Bombay leader says: "Failure to do so is bound to cause widespread discontent and serious consequences among Scheduled Castes".

Will the left out two revolt against the Scheduled Castes?

* * *

Mr. Churchill's anonymous manifesto—the words "Conservative" and "Conservative Party" do not occur in it—holds that the "main hope of the world is now founded upon the setting of a world organisation strong enough to prevent future wars of aggression, whether by the weak or the strong"

Through the invincible power of the Veto?

* * *

The manifesto also contemplates "framing plans for granting India a fuller opportunity to achieve Dominion Status".

If you think that "fuller" is weaker than "full" then we are afraid you do know the difference between the positive and the comparative. And you have also understood Mr. Churchill, leader of the—er—(Blank) Party.

* * *

The British Foreign Office has replied sharply to Russian complaints on Allied treatment of Soviet nationals and has made counter-complaints on Soviet treatment of Allied nationals.

All of which we welcome with pleasure, eagerly awaiting an equally sharp Russian reminder.

We also hope to be favoured with more striking revelations by "Pravda" of the secret history not only of the Moscow Conference but also of Teheran and Yalta meetings.

* * *

Testifying against Marshal Petain, M. Daladier, the Munich-cheer ex-Premier of France, said that France need not have been defeated in 1940.

We agree—if France had been sensible enough not to let Daladier succeed Blum.

* * *

"Mr. A. K. Pillai representative of the Radical Democratic Party in England returned to India on Sunday".

—A. P. I.

That means he wasn't brought with Lord Wavell's luggage we mean in his famous hand bag.

NOBODY COMPETENT TO SAY ANYTHING

Except Those Behind Bars, Says Asaf Ali

NEW DELHI, June 11. U.P.I.): Mr. Asaf Ali, member of the Congress Working Committee, who was released on May 28 continues to be in a bad state of health. He had been under treatment in the Willingdon Nursing Home. Although proper diagnosis of his desease has not yet been made it is suspected that he might have developed an abscess in the stomach. Mr. Asaf Ali complained serious intestinal pain to the "United Press" representative. Continued illness has made him extremely weak. His voice is subdued and hardly audible.

"For any authoritative view on behalf of the Congress nopody is competent to say anything except those who are behind the prison bars", observed Mr. Asaf Ali when asked about the Wavell Plan as forecast in the Press.

"But those behind the prison bars", added Mr. Asaf Ali, speaking in an extremely feeble voice, "would not utter anything so long as they continue to be within the prison bars Those outside, jail can only express their own individual opinion".

Mr. Asaf Ali himself declined to make any comment at this stage as he felt it was not right to express any view without hearing every side and until the exact proposals were announced.

BENGAL M.L.A. RELEASED

CALCUTTA, June 11 (U. P.): Mr. Nikunja Behari Maity M. L. A., a Congress leader of Contai, Midnapore district, who is not in good health was released unconditionally from the Presidency Jail after 34 months' detention He was arrested on August 21, 1942 at Contai and detained as a security prisoner.

"British Action In Syria Grossly Traduced"

Grigg Denies Roget's Allegations

French Withdrew 26 Hours After 'Cease Fire' Was Ordered

BEIRUT, June 11 .(Reuter).

Sir Edward, Grigg British Minister Resident in the Middle East, today denied General Oliva Roget's allegations against the British in Syria.

General Roget, on return from the Levant to Paris on Thursday, had accused British agents of contributing to stirring up trouble between the French and the Syrians.

Sir Edward Grigg, who was holding a Press Conference before returning to Cairo, said "When friends fall out 'the least said, the soonest mended', but a great deal had been said in the highest quarters in France, which will not bear impartial investigation. All this must delay a settlement, because it shows a complete misunderstanding, not only of British action, but of the true situation in the Levant".

Regarding General Roget Sir Edward Grigg said, "The fact that he believes what he says bears almost terrifying witness to the manner in which he with other French men, has completely misconceived the realities of the situation".

NORMAL MOVEMENTS

"General Roget said that the British began reinforcing their troops in Syria and filling up the camps round Damascus early in May", Sir Edward Grigg added. "It is true there were troop movements of the normal kind for relief and training. A division posted mainly in Palestine with one brigade in the Levant states had gone to Italy and another had taken its place from that theatre. But at no time for months have the British troops in Syria been reinforced until June 1 when Britain intervened to prevent more bloodshed.

"General Roget states that disorders were started by British agents "provocateurs". That he should believe this is unbelievable.

BRITISH LABOURED TO PREVENT FRICTION

"The French, the Syrians and the Lebanese have freely borne witness to the fact that Mr. Terence Shone British Minister to Syria and the Lebanon, and General Holmes, Commander of the British Ninth Army, with the loyal aid of their civil and military subordinates have laboured unceasingly to prevent friction between France and local Governments and populations".

Mr. Grigg said: "Their unremitting counsels of patience prevented earlier explosions. We finally intervened against our will because the Syrian people believed that they must either surrender to force or call in help from their Arab neighbours. This would have been freely given and in that case the Middle East would have risen and dislocated the work of the Middle East base".

Sir Edward Grigg said: "That General Roget should believe that order had already been established when we intervened is the most astonishing of all his illusions. I have had facts most carefully checked. He received the order of "Cease Fire" at 9-30 p.m. on May 31, but refused to accept any order from a British officer. Sporadic firing, including artillery and mortars as well as machine-guns, continued all night and looting on a large scale started at daylight and increased all morning. Not till midday on June 1 did the French begin to withdraw troops from the streets of Damascus.

BRITISH EXPLANATION ACCEPTED.

The British entered the city at 4 p.m. General Roget also declares that in the days immediately preceding the trouble a stream of lorries kept arriving with arms for the Syrian Gendarmerie in the citadel. No arms were delivered to the Syrians. On May 23 and 24 13 empty carriers passed through Damascus and between May 24 and 26 25 empty lorries were handed over to the Gendarmerie by previous arrangement. On May 24, eight other lorries brought men into damascus for an ENSA show at the theatre and took them away immediately afterwards. The French Chief of Staff asked if these were reinforcements and accepted the British explanation".

"GROSSLY TRADUCED".

Sir Edward Grigg, who was accompanied at the conference by the British Minister, Mr. Terence Shone, said that he made the statement because British officers and British action had been grossly traduced. He added: "We have no selfish designs in the Levant. It passes my comprehension that anyone can suppose that Britain wants to assume any further responsibility or is anxious for any trouble which she can with honour avoid.

"To finish the war with Japan as soon as possible, we must keep the peace of the Middle East and stop the sideshows, for the Middle East is an indispensable base for the Far East.

"If we had not intervened to prevent further bloodshed in Syria, there would have been far graver fighting in Syria and ferment throughout the Middle East."

Sir Edward Grigg said that the Levant states problem should be settled between London, Washington; Paris and the two states concerned. So far Paris had given no indication of agreeing to this. If France refused to take part in the talks, then Britain, America and the Levant states might start and try to draw France in.

"TOTALLY UNTRUE."

Sir Edward said that General Roget had declared that the proposals General Beynet put to the Levant states had been previously approved by Britain. That was totally untrue. He still believed that it was possible for the Levant states to come to an agreement, with France without any prejudice to their independence. Sir Edward said that he had long and full talks with General Beynet and found nothing to complain of in his attitude.

Questioned as to the damage in Damascus, Sir Edward Grigg added, "It is not widespread but serious where it occurred."

Replying to a question, Sir Edward emphasised that the Lebanon was not to be treated as in any way different from Syria.

Paget Declines Arab States' Offer

BEIRUT, June 11. (Reuter): The offer by several Arab states to send troops to help in the administration of Syria has been declined by General Sir Bernard Paget, British Commander-in-Chief, Middle East, an authoritative British source here said to-day, says Reuter.

"We are trying to get out ourselves at the earliest possible moment", it was added.

General Roget, who was the French Delegate in Damascus and commander of the French Forces in Southern Syria, arrived by air in Beirut to-day.

Burma Leaders' Demand

RANGOON, June 10 (A.P.I.): For the first time since Rangoon was reoccupied, a political meeting was held today in private when Burmese party leaders adopted resolutions concerning the political future of Burma and the formation of a Burma Army to continue the fight against the Japanese, writes M. M. Nerurkar, A. P. I. war correspondent.

The meeting was called by the anti-Fascist people's Freedom League, which was formed early in 1942 and which, it is claimed, worked actively underground during the Japanese occupation.

It was attended by among others U Ba Pe, former Minister and Leader of the People's Party, U Pu, former Premier and leader of the United Party, U Ba, former Minister and Leader of the "Myochit" Party, Wa Tin, Leader of the "Thamin" Party, and U Than Tun, leader of the Communist Party.

The meeting endorsed by a resolution the policy and programme of the A. F. P. F. L. which was announced in the last week of May. A statement issued by the meeting says that the objective of th "A.F.P.F.L." is the attainment of right of self-determination for Burma. Burma desires to determine her own constitution by means of a Constituent Assembly, elected by universal adult suffrage. The League, however, feels that pending the framing of such a constitution, the talks of national reconstruction as well as that of nation-wide mobilisation for anti-Japanese war effort can and will be best achieved, and in the speediest time possible, by a national government sufficiently representative of democratic sections of public opinion in the country.

The leaders meeting, by another resolution, urged Allied authorities to reorganise the local Burmese forces and other anti-Japanese resistance forces into a regular army "in order to help the Allied forces in mopping up Japanese remnants and to prevent further aggression by the Japanese."

The meeting also called upon the people of Burma to unite and throw themselves wholeheartedly into the work of reconstruction of the war-torn country.

'FRISCO CHARTER AN EMPTY VESSEL

(Continued from page 1)

to save succeeding generations from the scourge of war, do hereby reaffirm faith in the fundamental human rights, in the dignity and value of the human person, in the equal rights of men and women and of nations, large and small, to establish conditions under which justice and respect for the obligations arising from treaties and other sources of International Law can be maintained and so on 'ad nauseum.' "We, the peoples of the United Nations", contains among them peoples who, in spite of this preamble, will continue to hold many other peoples in bondage, who will continue to ignore their claims to equal rights, and who will continue to devaluate the dignity and value of the human person. How then can I, one of those people held in bondage, be made to believe in this new Magna Carta, which, while offering me equal rights on paper, denies them to me in actual fact? How can those people who hold me in bondage, be made to believe in it when they are permitted and encouraged to continue their disobedience of the sovereign principles which the Charter enunciates? How can the peoples of the world believe that their representative at San Francisco are saving succeeding generations from the scourge of war, when not a single fundamental cause of global conflict is eradicated or destroyed by the Charter which they have framed?

HARD FIGHT BY SMALL STATES.

It is argued that the Security Council, by holding the Big Five together in peace, will eliminate fear of World War III. As it is only the Big Five who have the capacity to plunge the world into another conflict, that may be so; but the question remains as to whether the Security Council will also ensure the peaceful progress of the smaller nations without threat and fear from the Big Five; or is the rest of the world to accept the hegemony of the sponsoring powers in place of the hegemony of totalitarianism and imperialism? If so, the progress made after the trials and tribulations of world war II, is very small. The small 44, led by Australia, have fought hard at the Conference to have recognized, not only their sovereign existence, but their right to a voice in the affairs of the world. Therein lies the one feeble and frail spark of hope, emerging from U.N.C.I.O., with which we must console ourselves until the United Nations meet again to frame another and better World Charter.

Not Very Good Investment To Humiliate France

De Gaulle Says Peace Cannot Be Achieved Without French Co-operation

NORMANDY. June 11. (Reuter): General de Gaulle in a triumphant speech tour through Normandy during the week-end, warned against "dreadful consequences which might result from endangering the unity of the great nations which is so indispensable to the peace of all nations".

He added, "Perhaps it is not fully realised that if France is in rather a difficult position to-day, that will not always be so and it may not be a very good investment to humiliate her.

"Those who deem it clever to endanger the unity of the great powers and to take advantage of the present circumstances to push their pawns on the world chess board, are making a bad mistake and will see what happens.

"We must conquer the external obstacles placed in our path by those who do not realise the risk of endangering this unity.

"Peace cannot be built without the agreement and co-operation of France.

"In spite of the unfortunate circumstances in which we may find ourselves, let us stay firm. The people of France know what they want and will achieve it by fairness, courage and resolution.

"We are doing very well with our internal obstacles".

Arab League Stand By Levant

CAIRO, June 11. (Reuter): The Arab League Council concluded its sessions to-day but gave Azzam Bey, the Secretary General, power to summon the delegates again if necessary, cables Martin Herliny, Reuter's special correspondent.

A "communique" issued after today's meeting said: "the Council discussed the measures to be taken by Arab nations singly or collectively to prevent French aggression and maintain the independence and complete sovereignty of Syria and the Lebanon, and decided to inform the nations of the Arab League of the recommendations of the Council in this respect".

It is understood that to-day's discussions were mainly concerned with steps to be taken in the event that France refuses to withdraw her troops from Syria and the Lebanon. Various possible courses of action were again discussed without any definite decisions being taken.

Both Syrian and Lebanese delegates expressed themselves completely satisfied with the proceedings of the League. They emphasised that complete co-operation prevailed between the two Levant countries throughout the discussions.

Latin American Nations To Accept Veto Question

SAN FRANCISCO, June 10 (U.P.A.) —Latin American nations today decided to accept the veto question as a realistic proposition without which a world organization would be unable to start.

Political quarters said that at least seventeen, and possibly all twenty, of the Latin American countries would support the veto.

The Sportsman's Sportsfolio

By J. C. Maitra

Football was of a disappointing nature at the Cooperage last week-end, with the solitary exception of the contest between the Embarkation Headquarters, the reigning champions of the Harwood League and the British Base Reinforcement Camp, holders of the Rovers Cup. With Aveyard of the East Yorks as spearhead of their attack, the Camp showed remarkable improvement in their previous form and was really unlucky to draw the tie with the E.H.Q. after gaining the lead of 3-1. Aveyard was responsible for all the three goals of his side. The Champions however made a fine rally to level up matters. Towle was back again in the team but played as full back, in which place he gave an excellent account of himself. Hauks at the pivotal position played a great game too. It is expected that with the outbreak of the monsoon, E.H.Q. will make things hum again.

R.A.F HEADS THE TABLE

The Royal Air Force were indeed lucky to gather both the points at the expense of the Young Goans. The latter played so well in the early stages of the game that it seemed that they would carry the day. But poor shooting on the part of their forwards, coupled with the excellent goal-keeping by Oilman, R.A.F. custodian, they were deprived of the golden opportunities of scoring that came their way. Nonetheless Rozario deserve his mead of praise for his several daring attempts at scoring. Where the Goan forwards failed Neilan succeeded admirably. All the three goals of the match, he claimed on his own account. This victory placed the Airmen at the top of the table with 11 points in 6 games to their credit. E.H.Q. stands next with same number of points to their credit, but they have played one more game than the leaders.

It is interesting by the way to note that the Goans' had a Hindu player, Yeshwant in their team showing thereby that they are a territorial unit and not a communal combination like the Muslims.

The South Indians who were heading the table all this time, lost a very valuable point to the Muslims. They were rather unfortunate in having five of their regular players absent for one reason or another. Their forward line was thereby completely disorganised. Although they had innumerable chances of scoring they could not make any headway. By the acquisition of Anthony of the 'Times', they have further strengthened their defence. But their attack must be improved before they can hope to make a bold bid for the title.

It may be gratifying to Ahmed and Ziauddin that their boys were able to force the redoubtable South Indians to a goalless draw. But there was hardly anything to enthuse over their display. There was very little constructive in their efforts. Unless Ahmed changes his present policy, I am afraid all his good intentions and generous support will be of no avail.

TIL LOSES VALUABLE POINT

Trades India also surrendered a valuable point to the lowly B.E.S.T. They were without the services of their chief goal-getter, Thomas which seemed to make a world of difference to their attack. Try as they would, they could not beat the Tramway custodian, Sabin, more than once Sabin is said to be the goalie of the Buffs, which accounts for this great proficiency. There was however little else in the performance of the B.E.S.T which deserves our admiration. If the TIL forwards had used more power and direction in their shots—and that too at every opportunity—they might have engaged victorious in a comfortable manner. If they go on throwing away good points in this way they will have little chance of finishing near the top.

GAMES SPOILT AT PAREL

Things at Parel are not proceeding in a glorious fashion either. I chanced to visit the St. Xavier's College ground on Sunday. Two of the best matches in the Bengal Club Cup League were on the card. It was however a great pity that both of them were spoilt owing to the absence of some of the players. Finally the young Goans played through with two men short, losing to the Lever Sports Club by 6-2. The second string of Tatas were without the services of their regular custodian which made a good deal of difference to them. But for these lapses, the games were of a fairly high order. These Clubs would do well to see that full teams turn out every time to make the contests really interesting.

Meeting To Expel Maitra Ends In Fiasco

The extraordinary general meeting of the Western India Football Association held at the Cooperage on Monday evening to expel Mr. J. C. Maitra ended in a fiasco.

Mr. N. G. Nadkarni, President of the Association, was in the chair.

A POINT OF ORDER.

After Mr. E. J. Turner, Hon. Secretary of the Association, read the notice of the meeting, Mr. A. J. Doctor rose to a point of order. He argued that there was nothing in the resolution circulated to the members to show the charges against Mr. Maitra. What the Managing Committee should have done was to frame proper charges in a categorical manner and circulate them to the members with their resolution on them. The resolution, as it stood if taken to a court of law, after it was passed, would not stand at all, and they would be liable for damages.

Mr. B. S. Bhiwandiwalla further supporting Mr. Doctor's contention, pointed out that as the charges were not before them they would be unable to take a decision on the spot.

Mr. F. Summersgill, one of the Vice-Presidents interrupting said that the cyclostyled charges would be handed over to them immediately. Still Mr. Bhiwandiwalla stuck to his ground, whereupon Mr. Summersgill remarked that he must have a poor brain!

There was an uproar demanding an apology from him but Summersgill would not budge.

SUMMERSGILL'S RIGMAROLE.

After the chair ruled Mr. Doctor's motion out of order, Mr. Summersgill read out a long typewritten oration for nearly 45 minutes, making various charges against Mr. Maitra. The chief among them were that he had accused the managing committee of "colour complex" and "racial discrimination" in his articles in "the Bombay Chronicle" without any basis whatsoever "and that he had done nothing or proposed anything constructive as a member of the Committee or Vice-President of the Association.

The members were so tired of his long rigmarole that he asked him to cut it short which he did ultimately after many interruptions from them.

Mr. Behram Doctor seconded the proposition.

MR. DOCTOR'S OPPOSITION.

Mr. A. J. Doctor opposed it again in a very reasoned speech. Not that he wanted to support Mr. Maitra's writings which he had not read but it was on a matter of principle he wanted to fight the issue. He expressed the wish that the members of the Managing Committee were more thick-skinned to stand criticisms from the press.

Mr. S. C. Majumdar supporting Mr. Doctor appealed to the members to throw out the resolution as it was against all canons of justice and equity.

NO CHARGE-SHEET TO MAITRA.

Several members then requested Mr. Maitra to say what he had to say on the subject. Mr. Maitra said that he was hot furnished with the charge-sheet till then. So he did not know what he had to reply to. He promised, however to make his statement after all the members had spoken.

Thereupon some members suggested that the meeting should be adjourned 'sine die'. A hot discussion ensued, during which the President snubbed several Indian members in a variety of ways. They felt very offended at this.

MEETING DISSOLVED WITHOUT ANY DECISION.

Ultimately Capt. A. Griffin proposed that the resolution of the Committee be not moved and the meeting be dissolved.

There were many members who were anxious to throw out the resolution straight away but the President declared the meeting dissolved on a show of hands.

M. U. C. Hockey

MUSLIM GYM. QUALIFIES FOR SEMI-FINAL

MADRAS, June 11 (A.P.I.)—The Muslim Gymkhana from Nagpur qualified for the semi-final of the M. U. C Hockey Tournament today when they easily disposed of the Madras Coast Battery 'A' by three goals to nil.

The visitors gave another grand display of superb combination and unfailing anticipation. Against scientific skill, the hard-hitting tactics of the Battery were of no avail.

Mohun Bagan Manage To Scrape Through

CALCUTTA, June 11 (A.P.I.)—Mohun Bagan began their second encounter of the First Division Calcutta Football League in none too convincing a manner today and just managed to scrape through in their match against Dalhousie by a solitary goal.

In the other match of the afternoon, the Aryans went down rather surprisingly to the Rangers by one goal to nil.

Results:

Mohun Bagan 1, Dalhousie 0.

Rangers 1, Aryans 0.

EXTERNED GWALIOR WORKER ON FAST

(From A Correspondent.)

GWALIOR June 7.

Mr. Kishore Trevedi an externed Political worker of Gwalior State started his Fast to-day in Congress Bhavan Indore according to his intimation to the Maharaja.

Requests are being made to Maharaja to interve and create such a situation which avoid sufferings to a Political worker and the public.

"VOID OF CONSTRUCTIVE SUGGESTION"

Cripps Criticises Churchill's 14-Point Policy

LONDON, June 10 (Reuter): Sir Stafford Cripps, speaking at Bury tonight said, Mr. Churchill's Fourteen Point policy had no single constructive suggestion in it. All it contained was a suggestion that we should "stimulate, help, encourage and subsidise" private enterprise in the hope that somehow, in an unexplained way, we should be able to cure the defects from which our economy had always suffered.

"U. S. Policy Toward Japan "Disastrous"

NEW YORK, June 10, (U. P. A.): U. S. Naval Lieutenant Andrew Roth one of the six persons arrested on charges of violating the Espionage Act, asserted in an interview with the "New York Post" that "the whole case is a political case and not a question of national security."

ONE KILLED, 4 INJURED IN CLASH WITH DACOITS

HYDERABAD (Sind), June 10 (API): One villager was killed, four were injured and three dacoits were captured by the villagers when a gang of seven armed dacoits raided a village near Badin last night.

The rest of the gang escaped without booty.

Subject Peoples' Challenge To Powers

Freedom Struggle Will Go On Till Liberation Of Colonials

LONDON, June 10. (Reuter): Over the heads of the statesmen of Big Powers the Subject Peoples' Conference was issuing a challenge to the colonial people of the world to unite and achieve their proper destiny. They had taken the first step towards unity, says West African journalist addressing the Subject Peoples' Conference, which was attended by representatives from India, Burma, Ceylon, West Africa, East Africa, Malaya, West Indies and other colonies.

The Conference concluded its session to-day.

Characterising the Atlantic Charter as a piece of clever imperialistic propaganda, Dr. N. Gangulee, the Indian economist declared at the Conference that the very word "subject" was an anomaly in the Twentieth Century.

This word, he said was an insult to the dignity of man and the fact that half the population of the world came under the category of "subject peoples" was a crime against God and humanity.

"The era of rebellion is over and the era of revolution is with us", he declared and added that the era of revolution implied that they must fight for fundamental principles and systems.

It's The Beginning

Mr. De Souza, an advocate of Colombo, declared that for colonial peoples the destruction of Nazism signified not an end, but a beginning

The fight for freedom did not consist merely in a clash between British and German imperialisms in the west and British, American and Japanese imperialisms in the east.

The fight for freedom would go on until the colonial peoples, who were held down and oppressed, were finally liberated.

In Ceylon these days, said Mr. De Souza, they were witnessing a strange manifestation of imperialism. There brown oligarchy had been substituted in place of white oligarchy and this brown oligarchy was being used to deny freedom to the general mass of people.

"The British people do not realise the iniquities that are being perpetrated in their name in the colonial empire", he said and added that the colonial peoples did not bear any animosity towards the British people as such. They were fighting an evil and vicious system.

Common Struggle

Mr. Peter Abrahams of South Africa, who was in the Chair, said that the conference had really achieved something constructive. Indians and Negroes had met and discovered that they were brothers in a common struggle. The Conference had achieved a degree of unanimity which was certainly remarkable.

"If any Indian in any distant corner of India is unjustly treated, we share his suffering and I know our Indian brothers feel the same way towards us", he concluded.

Mr. Jamu Kenyatta of East Africa, who is an authority on Kenya, said that they should spend their time not only in criticising their exploiters, but also criticising themselves, for it was through self-criticism that they could hope to discover, the principles on which they wanted to base a juster society.

Kenyatta declared that the colonial peoples could only achieve freedom by getting together and presenting a united front against imperialism. "By means of unity, which we have today created, we can march forward successfully and achieve our goal."

Meaningless

West African journalist, George Padmore said that all colonial bodies should pool their resources. At San Francisco the big powers were talking of trusteeship and self-government for the colonial peoples but the latter had lost faith in all such meaningless phrases.

Over the heads of the statesmen of big powers the subject peoples conference was issuing a challenge to the colonial people of the world to unite and achieve their proper destiny. They had taken the first step towards unity.

They were setting up a permanent organisation of all subject peoples and thus Indians, Burmese, Africans and all other colonial peoples would be able to meet regularly and discuss the problems confronting them. They would also in this way be able to bring to the notice of world opinion, the sufferings and hardships of the colonial peoples.

While their conference had mainly discussed problems facing the subject peoples in British, French and Dutch colonial empir they had not overlooked the ha ships of the Negro minority in America For this minority of the 3,000,000 people they demanded nothing more than the rights granted to them by the American constitution, but not implemented in practice.

They were all leaving the conference with the firm conviction that they had taken on more constructive step towards the realisation of their goal of freedom and equality

London Stock Exchange

LONDON, June 11, (Reuter): The outstanding feature of the Stock Markets to-day was the strength of South African gold mines, encouraged by the announcement of increase in the price of gold to 172 sh. and 3d. Prices were early marked widly higher with any offerings quickly absorbed but subsequent profit-taking reduced initial advantages, and a few leaders finished under the best. The turnover was believed to be on a large scale. Elsewhere the markets were rather quiet with political outlook still acting as a deterrent to any activity, nevertheless the undertone was generally firm. Industrials were again selectively supported. Partly encouraged by the recent good dividend profit reports. Tobaccos and breweries especially found favour but the recently firm active amusement issues came under pressure. British funds attracted only small support, but were well maintained while British railways were rather neglected but price levels were well held. Among foreign bonds, European issues met selective support, while Brazilians were inclined firm. International dollar stock was however rather uncertain owing to absence of interest.

Madras Share Market

MADRAS, June 11.

The market was steady quotations at 1-30 p.m.:—

United Breweries 177, Brunton Ordinary 12/2, Mettur Industries 245, Cambodias 26/14, Lakshmi New 83, Vellamalais 31/12, Nilgiri Neergundi 9/5, Cochin Malabar 18/3, Chembra Peaks 40/1, Periakaramalais 33/-, Valkundams 21/16, Trav Rubber 21/4.

Ahmedabad Share Market

AHMEDABAD, June 11.

Closing quotations:—

Defferd 221/4/0, Ordinary 412, Calico 1472, Ambika 477/8/0, Monogram 152 (X.D.), Jupiter 355, Aryodaya Spinning 388/4/0, Girdhar Harivallabh 361/4/0, New National 390, Bhalkia 180, Morris 142, Mahalaxmi 1500, Lal Mill 390, Sayaji 320.

Following shares were given in delivery at week-end:—

Calico 95, Ambika 52, Jupiter 14, Marsdan 16, Monogram 106, Saraspur 14.

Higher Price For Piece Goods

MANCHESTER, June 11, (U. P. A.): Effective from to-day the prices of cotton yarn piecegoods have been raised five to eight per cent in order to provide for higher price margins for spinners to cover the increased wages of the operatives.

This increase in wages will cost the industry three million pounds sterling annually.

Despite this increase, Lancashire cotton goods remain cheap compared to world prices and traders foresee an expansion in the export trade at an early date.

The Nizam's Government has allotted agricultural lands in different parts of the districts of the State for soldiers returning from war service.

Calcutta Stock Exchange

CALCUTTA, June 11

The Calcutta Stock Exchange to-day showed further improvement in Government securities, coals, jutes and the favourite engineering issues after the week-end recess on strong buying support. The other sections kept steady. The following are to-day's final transactions up to 3 p.m.:—

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES: Three per cent Government Paper 92/8, three per cent Defence Bonds 1946 102/6, three per cent Loan 1951/54 100/13, three per cent Loan 1953/55 100/11 Small Lot, three per cent Victory Bonds 1957 100/4, three per cent Loan 1959/61 99/14/6, three per cent Loan 1963/65 99/0/6, three per cent Loan 1966/68 98/6/6, three per cent Loan 1970/75 97/13, 1-2, 2-1/2 per cent Government Paper 101/1.

BANK: Reserve Bank 137.

COTTONS: Basanti 13 Cf, Cawnpore Textiles 12/3, Dunbar 309, Elgin 63/6, New Victory New Victoria Ordy 1/4, Do. Pref 8/7.

COALS: Amalgamated 57, Banara 13, Bengal 419, Bengal Bhatdee 19, Bhalgora 21/7 X.D., Bharat Collieries 12/6, Burrakur 42/15, Dhemo Main 30/6, East Indian 41/10, Equitable 69/9, Ghusick and Musila 15/12, Nazira 20/2, New Beerbhoom 43/8, Raneegunge 61/8, Samla 10/8, Satpukuria and Asansol 12, Sendra 25/2, South Karanpura 52/14, Standard 43/10, Talcher 12/13.

JUTES: Alliance 676, Anglo India 479/8, Bally 371, Barnagore 238/8, Champdany 273, Empire 50, Fort William 500, Ganges 569, Lothian India 715, Howrah 92/1, Kamarhatty 745 Small Lots, Megna 132, National 35, Nellimarla 35, Nuddea 132, Presidency 12/8, Reliance 78/2 Ex. Div., Standard 310.

MININGS: Burma Corpn 5/11, Consolidated Tin 3/14, Indian Copper Corpn. 3/4, Karanpura Development 36/4.

ENGINEERINGS: Braithwaites 13, Burn and Co 405 Small Lot, Indian Iron and Steel Ordy. 41/12, Jessops 25/10, Kumardhubi Engineering 10/6, Marshals 5/6, National Iron 12/2, Steel Corpn. of Bengal Ordy. 33/14.

MISCELLANEOUS: Dalmia Cement 17/8 Aluminium Corpn. Ordy. 15/8, Baaree Coke 35/8, British India Corpn. 6/8, Calcutta Tramways Ordy. 50/10, Indian National Airways Ordy. 25 Small Lot, British Burma Petroleum 5/15, Indo Burma Petroleum 109, Indian Paper Pulp 227/8, Mysore Paper 22/8, Orient Paper 30/2, Titaghur Paper 28/12, Humayan Properties 17/5, Midnapore Zemindary 185, Assam Saw Mills 5/9, Port Shipping 31/4.

SUGARS: Balrampore 16/8, Belsund 15/4, Buland 31/12, Carew and Co. 29/6 Cawnpore 39/7 Champaran 39/4, Dyer Mekin Breweries 17/6, Ram-Nugger Cane 18/10, Samastipore 18/14.

TEAS: Mohenima 12/12.—A. P. I.

The Madras University Main Convocation will be held on August 30, a fortnight later than in previous years. The Convocation will be presided over by H. E. the Governor.

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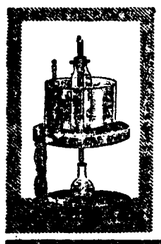
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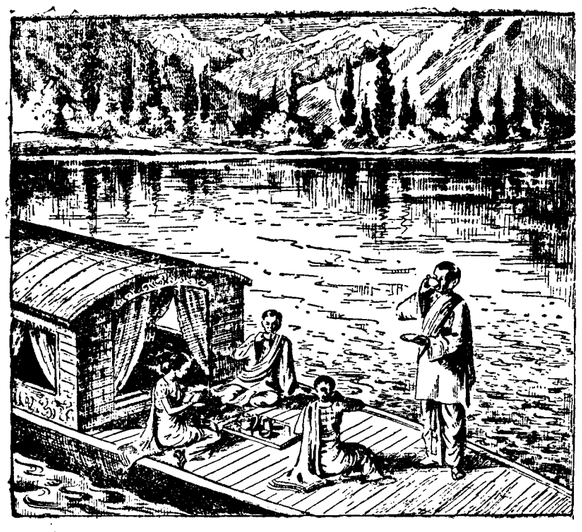


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Tea Time— Under the *Chenar*

River, forests and lakes in which the snow-capped mountains are reflected form the background to the beauty of Kashmir. The house-boats which drift on the waters of the Valley are also made lovely with intricate wooden panelling and carved furniture.

Those who have the luck to enjoy a lazy holiday in Kashmir look forward to the hour of afternoon tea, late though it may come after a walk by the river-side.

Many house-boats are equipped with brightly coloured tea-services of Kashmir Pottery and tea is served in the Western style, adding milk and sugar in the cup.

Holiday-makers from all over India get fresh Brooke Bond tea here just as they would at home.

Brooke Bond

"Two Leaves and a Bud"

India-China Telephone Link

Pole Line Constructed From Calcutta To Kunming

CALCUTTA, June 11 (A.P.I.)—It is officially announced today that for the first time in history, India has been linked with China by telephone and telegraph.

A pole line extending from Calcutta to Kunming, China, completes the vast telephone system extending from Karachi, through Burma, into China. The line is approximately 1,750 miles long.

A press note issued by the American India-Burma Command recalls that the initial construction of the line was undertaken in April 1943. In August 1943, one signal construction company (aviation) took over the job. By December, 1943, only 70 miles of wire and poles had been built in view of the heavy monsoon rains.

The end of the monsoon and the initiation of the north Burma campaign caused a major acceleration in road and wire line construction. The arrival in January 1944 of a signal construction battalion further speeded up construction work.

In April 1944, engineers needed wire communication work paralleling the pipeline then being built from Calcutta toward Ledo. Successful pipeline functioning was impossible without telephone and telegraph control. A parallel pole line was necessary to enable pipeline "walkers" to report leakages to pumping stations.

The line was finished by July 1, 1944, and soon connected to the one then snaking its way down into Burma.

Tito's Forces Begin To Withdraw

TRIESTE, June 10 (Reuter): The first convoys of lorries carrying Marshal Tito's Yugoslav soldiers to-night moved through the city of Trieste twards Fiume as other troops were loading equipment and packing up in readiness to withdraw from the area cables Desmontighe, Reuter's Special Correspondent.

To help the Yugoslav evacuation an Indian division has received a request for provision transport while British and New Zealand divisions have also offered their aid. The Allied Military Government was standing by ready to bring in the civilian supplies needed to feed the population. It will work hand-in-hand with the civilian administration already set up by Marshal Tito.

While small military details of the agreements were awaiting settlement at the conference between Field-Marshal Alexander and Marshal Tito, Marshal Tito addressing the Yugoslav Parliament in Belgrade today complained that Yugoslavia had been treated unjustly. He said: "The denying of our rights tempered the joy of our peoples during the first days of our great victory over the enemy. Such injustices root themselves deeply in the soul of our peoples and are forgotten with difficulty

But loyal to the ideas of peace and aware of the burden of responsibility for preservation and strengthening of so arduously gained peace the Government of democratic federal Yugoslavia is exerting itself, even at the cost of great sacrifices, to avoid differences and conflicts even where right is on our side."

Italian Foreign Minister Alcide de Gasperi said that the compromise character of the agreement had caused the Italian Government some concern although the Government recognised that it was the fruit of tenacious efforts by London and Washington which Italy fully appreciated.

"The Italian Government has raised the question of principle" the minister said. "In its view, forcible occupation cannot solve the controversy and create a sure basis for peace between the peoples. We therefore pressed for the provisional occupation of the whole province of Venezia Giulia by Allied forces not involved in the dispute.

He added that the Italian Government had reason to believe that the Soviet Union had brought conciliatory action to bear in promoting the present agreement

713 U-BOATS SUNK DURING WAR

R. A. F. Dropped Million Tons Of Bombs In War

LONDON, June 10 (Reuter): 713 U-Boats were sunk during the war, it is announced by the Admiralty. 462 of these were accounted for by British Empire Forces and Allied Forces under British control and 151 by United States Forces and other Allied Forces under United States control.

The remaining hundred fell to mines, R.A.F. Bomber Command and other forms of anti-submarine warfare.

Of the total hunted down by British Empire Forces, 205 U-Boats were sunk by ships and 179 by shorebased aircraft.

LONDON, June 10 (Reuter): The Royal Air Force has dropped one million tons of bombs during the war, in Europe, two-thirds of them on Germany, a review of the Air War published today stated.

More than three-quarters million British tons were high explosives, and almost 200,000 tons incendiaries.

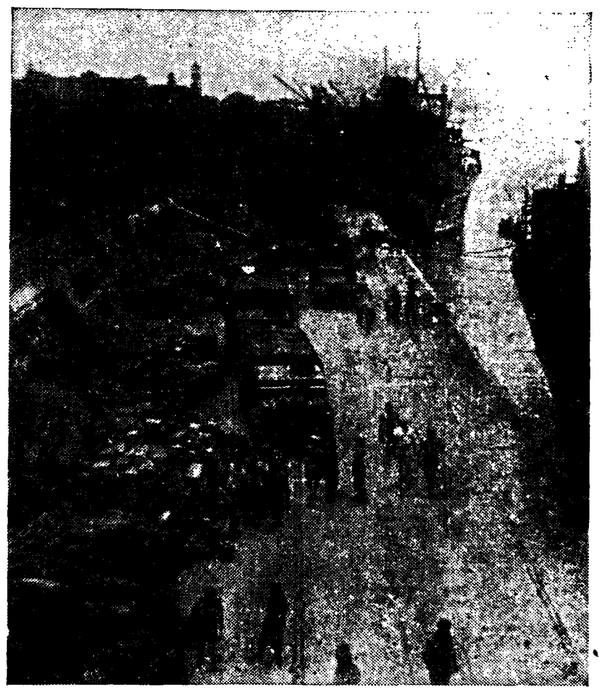
More than 1,000 German ships were sunk by 47,000 and mines laid from British aircraft. Forty per cent of the German naval personnel were employed in minesweeping and mine watching.

BRITISH NIGHT BOMBERS DEFEATED GERMAN BOMBER FORCE

The review said that paradoxically the German Bomber Force was defeated by British night bombing even before the German aircraft industries had been reduced by air attack. This was because the Germans realising the threat from the R. A. F. turned from heavy bombed to fighter production as a method of defence.

In June 1941 the Germans had 1,500 bombers and only about 250 night fighters. 3 years later they had 800 night fighters and the same number of heavy bombers.

"The strategic importance of the German Army's loss of all bomber support can hardly be exaggerated", the Review said. "Weapon which made the Blitzkrieg possible was struck from the enemy's hands."



Rangoon docks, though damaged, are again in use now.

SAVE THEM FROM GALLOWS

S. K. Patil's Appeal On Behalf Of Congress To Help Legal Fund

Mr. S. K. Patil has issued the following press appeal:

The country has earnestly responded to Mhatma Gandhi's appeal to save the lives of the Chimur and Ashti prisoners who have been sentenced to be hanged. There have been nationwide demonstrations of public sympathy and anxious concern over their fate. It is the mercy of God that these seven brethren of ours have been spared so long. Helpless though we seem to be, we must do everything in our power to save these young men from the gallows.

Mrs. Anasuyabai Kale, President of the Chimur Ashti Prisoners' Relief Committee, has appealed to this City for generous help towards the legal expenses which may, according to her, run into a big figure of Rs. 25,000. She expects much from Bombay as we have already contributed a good sum for the relief purposes. In the name of the Congress, I earnestly appeal to the Citizens of Bombay to respond generously and promptly to this call for help.

The Congress Central Board in Bombay, has appointed a Chimur and Ashti Prisoners' Relief Committee for collecting contributions for this purpose. All contributions will be thankfully accepted and duly receipted.

FUTURE OF TARIFF POLICY

Muslim Chamber Of Commerce Pleads For Prompt Enunciation

BOMBAY, Monday.

Avoidance of all unnecessary delay in the matter of laying down a future Tariff policy was emphasised in the course of a lengthy memorandum submitted by the All-India Muslim Chamber of Commerce, today, to Mr. N. R. Pillai, Secretary, Commerce Department, Government of India.

The memorandum was read out by Mr. Mahomed Taher, Vice-President of the Chamber. Regarding various control measures instituted by Government, the Chamber wanted Government's support in "reducing the scope of control measures."

The memorandum also contained the chamber's views on various other subjects like Viramgam Customs' cordon, trade rights of Indians in Burma, Trade Missions, war risks charge on goods, discrimination against India and India's part in post-war reconstruction.

Mr. Pillai gave a patient hearing and promised careful consideration to the views of the chamber.

Decimalisation Of Indian Coniage Be To Deferred

MADRAS, June 10 (A.P.I.): The proposal for the decimalisation of Indian coinage may be deferred till a change in the British unit of currency, weights and measures is brought about is the opinion expressed by the Southern India Chamber of Commerce to the Government of India.

While appreciating the Government's point of view the Chamber feels that the reform of coinage should be handled as a single problem and the present proposal for decimalising the subsidiary coins of the country is not going to carry it very far in the direction of currency reform. The proposed cent would have nearly doubled the value of the "pie" which still performs an important role in the economic structure of the country.

The Chamber is of the opinion that the Decimal System should be introduced in weights and measures also.

CASE AGAINST CITY DOCTOR

BOMBAY, Mondap.

The case against Dr. S Patrao, a well-known Bombay Gynecologist and Proprietor of Dr. Patrao's Maternity Home, Morland Road, which was called up for hearing before Mr. F. D. Kanga, Presidency, Magistrate, Esplanade Court, Bombay, to-day, was adjourned to July 16.

HIGH COURT RESUMES

Eleven Judges Take Up The Work And Get Busy

BOMBAY, Monday.

The Bombay High Court, which for the last eight weeks deserted assumed an active appearance to-day with barristers and advocates moving about in the corridors and the Court rooms when the Courts reopened after the Summer vacation.

Eleven judges after their well-earned rest were again engaged in hearing cases. Sir Leonard Stone, Mr. Justice Sen and Mr. Justice Macklin are still on leave. Sir Harilal Kania, Acting Chief Justice is presiding over the Second Criminal Sessions of the year. Two Criminal Appellate benches, one consisting of Mr. Justice Divatia and Mr. Justice Rajadhyaksha and the other, of Mr. Justice Weston and Mr. Justice Bavdekar have been constituted.

Mr. Justice Chagla is hearing commercial suits while Mr. Justice Blagden is engaged in Chamber and miscellaneous matters. Mr. Justice Gorajee and Mr. Justice Bhagwati have before them long causes. The latter, has also on his board rules issued in respect of urgent matters.

Civil appeals are being heard by Mr. Justice Lokur and Mr. Justice Gajendragadkar.

German Anti-Fascists Allowed Freedom Of Action

LONDON, June 10 (Reuter): Marshal Zhukov, Soviet Commissar for occupied Germany, has issued an order permitting activities of German anti-Fascist parties in the Soviet-occupied zones under supervision of the Soviet military authorities, the Allied News Service in Germany reported to-night.

The German population in the Russian zone is also allowed to form free trade unions which will also be under control of the Soviet authorities.

Dismissal Order On B. E. S. T. Workers Suspended

Mr. Abid Ali, President, BEST Workers' Union, writes:—

The public will be glad to know that the B.E.S. & T. Co. Ltd. has been good enough to suspend the dismissal order of 30 out of 31 employees of the Company who were dismissed following the incidents of the 7th April 1945. Their wages for April and May have been paid. At present these 30 workers are under paid suspension and this position will continue till the Police cases are decided, although these two things are not interconnected. But the Union has no cause for complaint so long as the workers are paid fully.

As for the 31st, it is hoped that the Company will be generous enough in his case as well. Their decision is expected early.

Cocoanut Hair Oil Price List Required To Be Displayed

In November 1944, the Government of Bombay issued an order fixing the prices of perfumed cocoanut hair oil in Bombay City and the Bombay Suburban District and also requiring that the dealers in such oil shall display and keep displayed a copy of that order in a conspicuous position in their shops or places of business. The Government has now issued an amendment to that order, published in the Bombay Government Gazette Extraordinary of June 11, 1945, under which the dealers are required to display a copy of that order in all the shops and places of business in which perfumed Cocoanut hair oil is kept for sale, says a Press Note issued by the Supply Commissioner, Bombay.

International Aryan League

The 80th birthday of Mahatma Narayan Swamiji, President of the International Aryan League, the Supreme Governing Body of the Arya Samaj in India, occurred on Sunday (June 10) and was celebrated by Arya Samajees all over India. A commemoration volume was presented to the Swamiji on the occasion in appreciation of his meritorious services to the Samaj.

Passing Show cigarettes are a splendid tonic. They quickly soothe and refresh tired nerves and benefit health. You get better smoking pleasure, too, from

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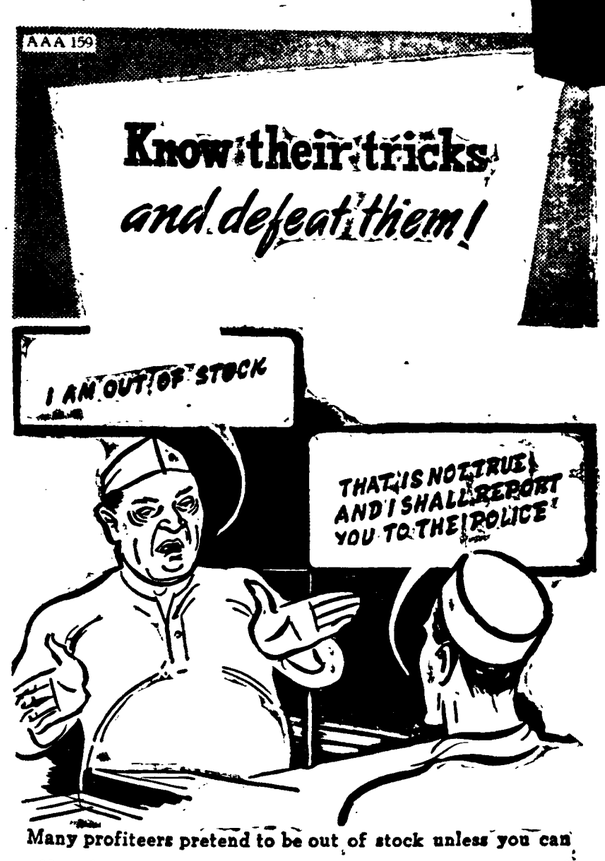


The finest grades of leaf, the most modern machinery, the skill of experienced blenders, scrupulously hygienic manufacture, all play their part in providing the healthful pleasure and satisfaction enjoyed by smokers of PASSING SHOW.

PS/84

AAA 159

Know their tricks and defeat them!



Many profiteers pretend to be out of stock unless you can offer them a higher price. Report them immediately and their premises will be searched.

say NO to the BLACK MARKET
-and there will be no Black Market

Issued by the Department of Information & Broadcasting, Government of India.

Will Wavell Invite Azad And Nehru?

MAHATMA TO ASK FOR POSTPONEMENT OF VICEROY'S CONFERENCE

(From Our Correspondent)
NEW DELHI, June 11.

With the anticipated release of Congress Leaders, this week, speculation is rife here as to whether Azad and Nehru will be invited to the 'Ad Hoc' Selection Conference.

Anticipations are that at least Azad will be invited, he being the President of the Congress. Reports are also current here that Gandhiji is likely to ask for a postponement of the 'Ad Hoc' Conference to some later date in order to enable the Congress Working Committee to gather the threads and consider the Wavell Plan before its representatives attend the Conference.

The first meeting of the conference, as already reported, provisionally fixed for June 19. Lord Wavell, it is believed here, would like to instal his new colleagues in their offices with a minimum of delay, and hence his decision to convene the first meeting of the 'ad hoc' conference within a week of the publication of his proposals It will therefore, be with the greatest reluctance that he will agree to postpone the meeting of the 'ad hoc' conference to a later date. The Wavell Plan is being presented to the British Parliament on the afternoon of June 13 and it therefore anticipated that it will be published in India on the morning of June 14. On the same day it will reach the leaders who have been selected for membership to the 'Ad Hoc' Conference along with an invitation to attend its meeting.

Improvements In Wavell Plan

(From Our Correspondent)
NEW DELHI, June 10.

Certain improvements, in the light of criticism, are expected to be made in the Wavell Plan. The first improvement, as already indicated will be that the release of Congress leaders will accompany the publication of the Wavell Plan and will not follow the setting up of a new executive. Secondly, the announcement now expected will give some indication of the post-war planning of the constitution.

The Cripps offer, it will be recalled, consisted of two parts: one relating to the future and the other to the immediate present.

The offer was one indivisible whole and could be accepted or rejected as a whole. This was the principal reason why provisions relating to interim Government could not be implemented. The Wavell Plan, according to reports, deals with the immediate present only. In view of advice tendered by more than seven executive councillors, it is now anticipated that the announcement will make it clear that the Wavell Plan does not prejudice the Cripps offer, as far as the future is concerned. In other words, the Wavell Plan will separate the provisions relating to the immediate present of Cripps' offer from those relating to the future and will implement the former without in any way imparing the latter. The announcement is also expected to make it clear, unequivocally, that the communal arrangement incorporated in the plan will be without prejudice to the future, and will in no way commit the British Government or communities or political parties to it.

It is suggested here that the announcement should only specify acceptance of the Hindu-Muslim Party in the Central Executive as a purely interim arrangement, leaving the question of representation to other communities undefined. This will enable the Viceroy to accord representation to communities not so far recognised, such as Indian Christians.

WAVELL ACCEPTS COUNCILLORS' ADVICE

Looking back on the week since Wavell's return, his wisdom in consulting his Council is generally recognized here. This provided him opportunity to understand the public mind and likely repurcussions to his plan. His Councillors, like Sir Mohmed Usman, have held and publicly declared that they were called to join the Council by Linlithgow on the distinct understanding that they would make room for party leaders if and when party leaders reached an agreement and decided to join the Central Executive. Seven others as is well-known now, felt that being called upon to advise, they must acquaint Wavell with what India wanted and what would make the Wavell Plan acceptable and successful. Some of their suggestions, as indicated earlier, are expected to be adopted by Wavell. Assam has already indicated Wavell's line of action—namely, to release Congress Leaders and lift the ban from the Congress Committee thereby affording opportunity to Congress Leaders to express themselves on his plan

FREE

Youngmen send four annas stamps to first get the miraculously effective medicines for your disorders free for trial to get convinced of their action and avoid deception. For full details send -/4/- stamps for the Guide Book (110 pages). Correspondence kept confidential.

KAVIRAJ KHAZAN CHAND, B.A., Famous Specialist Gold-medalist, Chamberlain Road, Lahore.

REWARD £ 500

YOU CAN BE YOUNG IN 24 HOURS

[redacted] (VITAMIN TO- man or woman 15 to 20 years the actual age. It loss of vigour, impure blood; mental and physical exhaustion. It gives good appetite and increases weight from 5 to 10 lbs. within a week. The roses return to your cheeks and your appearance is improved 100%. The brilliant and lustre on your face will be the same as in youth when your skin was smooth and fresh "OTOGEN" improves your looks, puts a sparkle into your eyes, rosy colour into your cheeks and lips. It darkens the whitish grey hair permanently for life and gives natural new teeth to the old men.

"OTOGEN" was tried in SWITZERLAND upon an emaciated male patient aged above 100 years. Only by one month's regular use of this marvellous preparation that patient of 100 years age gained the health of a 30 years young man and has recently married a young wife. The actors and actresses of HOLLYWOOD are active young looking, and charming by the use of this medicine even at an advanced age of 80 and 90 years and they are enthusiastically working on the stages. The use of "OTOGEN" by females in their prime of life guarantees up to the last days of life never-fading charms of youth, and preserves school-girl complexion all along. For Males in their period of youth, Otogen wards off premature old age, retains the jet black hair, a bloomy face and a robust health throughout and makes one feel and look several years younger than the actual age.

"OTOGEN" was once put in a glass tumbler for a long time and that GLASS TUMBLER turned to be an unbreakable one and could not actually be broken to pieces though sévere strokes had been blown on the same. It has been tested and approved by thousands and thousands in ENGLAND and is now available in India. Commence taking "OTOGEN" immediately and let the results speak for themselves. Moreover, before commencing the test, weigh yourself, look in the mirror and observe your appearance. Then at the end of one week look again in the mirror, note exactly how you look and feel, and appreciate the effects of taking "OTOGEN."

In order to popularise "OTOGEN" in India, the price is to be Rs. 5/- only for a very short period, after some time its original price of Rs. 30 will be charged. Order today for tomorrow may be too late as there is limited stock on account of war conditions.

GUARANTEE.—A Cash Reward of £500 shall be awarded to any scientist or medical man or any of the public who proves the inefficacy of our most wonderful invention.

NOTE:—Unlike other Rejuvenators "Otogen" is the only one of its kind which yields equally splendid results even in the EXTREMES OF HEAT OF TROPICAL SUMMERS as in winter or any other mild and temperate climate.

Under the burning heat of summer Sun WHEN YOU ARE AT ZERO. OTOGEN IS ALSO AN EXCELLENT RESTORATIVE.

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Sold by all Leading Chemists and Stores.
Stockists:—Perry & Co., Ltd., Grant Road, Bombay.
M/s. MARSHALL & CO., 171, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.
HARDINGE & CO., Charni Road, Bombay.
VORA BROS., Princess Street, Bombay.
P. HARKINDAS & CO., Lamington Road, Bombay.
GRAND PHARMACY, Charni Road, Bombay.

PANCHGANI PARLEYS

PANCHGANI, June 11 (A. P. I.): With only two or three days left for Lord Wavell's expected offer, it is becoming increasingly clear that two sections of the Congress are trying to "convert" Gandhiji to their own view point as regards the approach to the offer.

The extreme section holds the view that the Congress should have nothing to do with the offer, unless members of the Working Committee are released. They also insist that the offer should concede the demand for independence and contain an assurance that the Viceroy's veto would not be exercised during the interim period. Britain, they say, cannot prove her bonafides of the offer in any other way.

The other section hold the view there is no use probing into the motive of the offer, but they should settle down to the business purely as businessmen. This section does not attach any importance to the Viceroy's veto and points out that the importance of even the King's veto had been progressively reduced as popular forces grew in power and importance. They would not quibble over the meaning of the words "Independence" and "Dominion Status" Their attitude is that Lord Wavell's offer should be accepted, if it envisages real transfer of power without quarelling over motives or the correct procedure to be adopted. They also hold that this may be the last opportunity for co-operating with the Muslim League, and that if the Hindus and Muslims are able to work cordially at the Centre, the problem of Hindu-Muslim unity would be easier of solution.

Bhulabhai Desai And Gandhiji In 4-Hour Discussion

PANCHGANI, June 11. (A.P.I.): Mr. Bhulabhai Desai had a four-hour discussion with Mahatma Gandhi yesterday. It is presumed that he explained to Mahatma Gandhi the positive aspects of Lord Wavell's proposals. Evidently the discussions are of a detailed character as Mr. Desai's stay here has been extended by another day. He will leave for Bombay tomorrow morning.

SCHEDULED CASTES DEMAND 3 SEATS

The following cable has been sent to-day to the Prime Minister and Mr. Amery, Secretary of State for India, and a telegram to the Viceroy —Delhi by Mr. G. M. Jadhav the President All-India Scheduled Castes Federation, Bombay Branch.

"The Bombay Branch of the Scheduled Castes Federation has heard with grave apprehension the reported allocation of one seat only for Scheduled Castes in the Central Executive.

"Having regard to the population condition and needs of Scheduled Castes it is urged that at least three seats on the Central Executive be given to Scheduled Castes.

"Failure to do so is bound to cause widespread discontent and serious consequences among Scheduled Castes."

JINNAH TO BE IN QUETTA BY END OF JUNE

QUETTA, June 10, (A P I.)

Mr M A Jinnah, President of the All-India Muslim League has accepted the invitation of His Highness the Khan of Kalat and Qazi Mohd Isa, members of the Working Committee of the All-India Muslim League, to spend a few weeks in Quetta, during the current summer, it is learnt here.

Unless political developments require his presence elsewhere, Mr. Jinnah is expected to arrive in Quetta towards the end of this month.

Soviet Honour To Eisenhower And Montgomery

Zhukov Presents Jewel Bedecked "Order Of Victory" To Allied Military Chiefs

Frankfurt on Main, June 10 (Reuter): Marshal Stalin's Commissar for Soviet occupied Europe, Marshal Zhukov to-day bestowed Russia's jewel encrusted "Order of Victory" on Field-Marshal Montgomery and General Eisenhower, cables Marshal Yarrow Reuter's Special Correspondent.

Marshal Zhukov expressed his confidence that Allied work on the Central Control Council for Germany would be as brilliant in unity as was the war effort.

Glittering stars set with 99 diamonds and rubies were the first two to be bestowed on non-Russians and are conservatively valued at 4,000 sterling each. Five others have been previously presented to conquering Russian Generals

General Eisenhower replied, "I am overwhelmed—I am very proud of this honour."

The only time Field-Marshal Montgomery spoke was when he received the decoration from Marshal Zhukov, when he said, "I regard it as a high honour to receive this award from such a renowned Marshal of the Soviet Union as Marshal Zhukov."

MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY, June 11.

LONDON: Banks Buying 90 Days/s/s 1/6 7/32 1 and 2 months.
LONDON: Banks Buying 90 Days/s/s 1/6 1/4 5 to 6 months.
B C RATES: T T. 1/5 15/16. D. D. 1/5 15/16.
Banks selling T T 1/5 31/32. D. D. 1/5 31/32
Banks buying T T 1/6 1/32 D D. 1/6 3/32.
LONDON/NEW YORK
Banks selling T. T. Rs. 332 3/4 D. D Rs. 332 3/4.
Banks buying T T. Rs 329 1/2. D D. Rs 328 1/2.
LONDON/MONTREAL:
Banks selling T T Rs. 302 1/2. D D 302 1/2
Banks buying T T Rs. 297 3/4 D. D Rs. 298 3/4
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Stagnant.
Reserve Bank Rate 3 p.c. Bank of England Rate 2 p.c.
Money:—Call, one and two months 1/4 p.c. 3 to 5 months 1/2 p.c. 6 to 11 months 3/4 p.c. 12 months 1 1/4 p.c.
Tone:—Easy.

Sales Of American Textiles To Foreigners

NEW YORK, June 10. (U P A). Worth Street Textile men today said they expected the sales of textiles to foreign purchasing commissions to dry up as a result of the recent amendment to the Export Price regulations Act.

The amendment calls for the elimination of the seven per cent export premium after July 15th except to actual holders of export licences.

They said that there will now be no incentive for suppliers to sell to purchasing commissions unless a transfer of licences to sellers can be affected.

Particulars Of Outstanding Treasury Bills

Approximate due date.	Amount Issued.	Average Rate
	Rs	Rs a p
June 16, 1945	4,00,00,000	0 5 6
June 23 1945	4,00,00,000	0 5 0
June 30, 1945	4,00,00,000	0 5 0
July 6 1945	4,00,00,000	0 5 7
July 13 1945	4,00,00,000	0 5 7
July 20, 1945	4,00,00,000	0 5 9
July 27 1945	4,00,00,000	0 6 9
Aug. 4, 1945	4,00,00,000	0 6 11
Aug. 11, 1945	4,00,00,000	0 7 11
Aug. 18, 1945	2,00,00,000	0 7 5
Aug. 25, 1945	2,00,00,000	0 7 0
Sep. 1, 1945	2,00,00,000	0 6 0
Spt. 8, 1945	2,00,00,000	0 4 11

Total Rs. 44,00,00,000.

Metal Quotations

BOMBAY, June 11.

BHANGAR.

Brass Ready	.....	125	0 0
Brass Ashad	.....	117	8 0
copper Ready	.....	132	0 0
Copper Ashad	.....	127	0 0

Calicut Quotations

CALICUT, June 11.

Cocoanuts Dry 80. Cocoanut Oil 310. Copra Office 100. Dilpasand 205. Madrasnostam 220. Goodgoods 210. Pepper Wynnad 325. Country 310. Dry Ginger Chernad 225. Ernad 210. Coffee Robust 85.

Canadian Pulp To U.S.A.

NEW YORK, June 10. (U P A). The New York "Times" reported today that Canada will start sending one hundred thousand tons of wood pulp to the United States each month the shipments to begin within the next three weeks.

BANKERS' CLEARING

Cheques delivered through the Bombay Bankers' Clearing House during the week ending 8-6-1945 were as under:—
Number of Cheques: 1,39,404.
Amount of Cheques: Rs. 43,02,44,303-12-0.

CITY MARKETS

HOLIDAY IN SHARE BAZAR

BOMBAY, June 11.

Today being a Parsi Holiday, the Bombay Stock Exchange was closed.

GOLD AND SILVER

The local Bullion market was again firm on manipulated state and quotations recorded further improvement. The rise nnduced some realising and offerings were well absorbed

The Reserve Bank of India sold today 20,000 tolas Gold at Rs 76,6 and 145 bars Silver at Rs 122/15

Forward Gold opened at Rs 77/2 and advanced to Rs 77/8 under professional support and short covering but later reacted to Rs 77/6 on realising sales Ready Gold was quoted at Rs 77/8.

Silver opened at Rs 133/4 and rose to Rs 134 and later steadied at Rs 133/12. Ready Silver was placed at Rs 134/4.

Gold for the current settlement advanced to Rs. 78/4 and steadied at Rs. 77/12. Closing quotations were as under:—

	Rs. as. p.
Ready Gold	77 12 0
Current Settlement	77 12 0
Next Settlement	77 4 0
Ready Silver	134 4 0
Silver Settlement	133 12 0

BOMBAY COTTON

The local cotton market was expected to open at Rs 416 for July delivery but the market opened at Rs 415/8 and ruled quiet at Rs 414/8 on selling by professional Bull operators. The market remains a puzzle and there is a move to keep the market steady around present level pending settlement of option business.

July declined to Rs 414/4 when some short covering and buying appeared and the market improved to Rs 417/12. The market closed at 3 p m as under:

I C C July	.....	417	8 0
I C C Sept.	.....	432	0 0

High & Low Cotton Prices

I C C July Highest 414-1/4 Lowest 412 1/2 Closing at 3 p m 413-3/4
I C C Sept. Highest 428-1/2 Lowest 427 Closing at 3 p m 428-1/4
Karachi 4F July Highest 42/13/3 Lowest 42/11/3 Closing at 3 p m 42/13/3

Cotton Parity

Indian Cotton July Contract is 706 cent points under New York July at Exchange rate 331.

Inflation Psychology At Work On New York Cotton Exchange

NEW YORK, June 9

The opened gains on overnight price-fixing partially against Spanish purchases were extended under the leadership of extreme far distant months. There was a renewal of yesterday's buying movement based on discounts and the expected continuance of the price control legislation and prospects of higher cotton textile ceilings for the purpose of stimulating production and growth of inflation psychology. Scarcity of contracts intensified the advance, but latterly the market reacted on end-of-week realising. The session closed steady.

October opened at 22.81 and advanced to 22.85 but reached to 22.70. The market closed at a net rise of 1 to 5 points. Spot cotton gained 4 points at 23.59c. per lb.

Bombay Produce

BOMBAY, June 11.

The produce market was quietly steady with a moderate business groundnuts Nizam quality Rs 13/14, G I P quality Rs 14/6 and Bold Rs 14/1. Goa delivery Rs 13/6. Castorseed Bombay Rs 15/6. Goa Rs 15/8 and Navlakhi Rs 15/7. Linseed C P and U P Rs 16/14, G I P Rs 16/13/6, N S Ry. Rs 16/12/6. Satna Rs 16/8/6 and Navlakhi Rs 17/7.

PRODUCE RECEIPTS

BOMBAY, June 11.

Cotton Bales	.....	4317
Linseed cwts	.....	2012
Groundnuts cwts	.....	7304
Castorseeds cwts	.....	730

Weekly Hapur Market Report

FOODGRAINS: There was no change in the position of foodgrains during the week under review Maximum control rates remained unchanged and there was little improvement in the market supplies position. Wheat arrivals continued to be on an average of 1,000 mds daily. Gram and barley arrivals were nil while those of peas did not exceed 50 to 75 mds daily. The following are the current rates with respective stocks upto date:—

Wheat 10/4 stock 31 khattis.
Barley unquoted stock 3 khattis.
Peas 6/10/9 stock 120 khattis old khattis 6/13.
Bejhar 7 stock 14 khattis.

PULSES: Maket remained quiet. Arrivals were just sufficient to meet the export requirements which are small. The following are current rates. Arhar new 7/2, old 6/6 Urad 14/3 Moong 10/10/9. Arhar stocks is 92 khattis.

Bullion. Market remained very steady and recorded very high prices. Advices from big centres like Calcutta and Bombay indicate that bull operators there, after cornering all the stock available from the Bank sales and up-country arrivals, they are able to squeeze from the short sellers a heavy penalty for their non delivery of stock. The situation has been augmented by the selling policy of the Reserve Bank of India viz of reducing silver sales. At top prices bulls showed some hesitancy but that could not force an appreciable reaction. Current prices are Silver 134/12 Gold 75/4.

GUR: Market was steady Arrivals were on a slightly better scale averaging 200 mds daily. Current rates are gur 9/4 jaggery powder 10/8.

MUSTARDSEED: Market was quiet. Current rate is 10/6. Arrivals were very poor.

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

BOMBAY, June 11.

Tata Ordinary 412 Tata Deferred 2227/8 Indian Iron 41/14 Steel Corpn. of Bengal 34/2 Bombay Dyeing 1895 Central India 374/6 Century 905 Gokak 300 Kohinoor 608/2 Simplex 282 Andhra Valley 1770 Tata Hydro 205 Tata Power 1815 Associated Cement 217 Belapore 222/2 Bombay Burma (Old) 525.



Wanted Agents in Bombay, C. I. & Rajputana

THE Making OF A MEAL



A TASTY DISH

Mould some flaky pastry into rings and bake. Arrange on a dish and fill with any chopped cooked meat, mixed with TIMS Tomato Ketchup to taste. Sprinkle a generous layer of TIMS Peas on top, and around the dish. Serve hot or cold.

To-day especially, harassed housewives often wonder how to make meals more appetising.

Solve your problem by serving Tims Prime Garden Peas with meat, egg or fish dishes. Deep-flavoured with goodness and teeming with vitamins they are the "making" of any meal.

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TIMS
GOODNESS PRESERVED

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Available at all leading Stores If you have any difficulty in obtaining Tims Products, write to us direct.

Products under the TIMS label include:
Pineapple Juice .. Pineapple Chunks .. Tomato Juice Tomato Ketchup .. Tomato Jelly .. Mango Juice Mango Chutney .. Lime Juice Cordial .. Lemon Squash .. Orange Squash .. Orange Juice .. Prime Garden Peas .. Sweet Corn Kernels .. Bamboo Sheet .. Pickles .. Jams .. Jellies .. Marmalade .. Chilli Sauce .. Worcestershire Sauce Vinegar .. Guava Slice Canned Tomatoes

ANTIELTD.

A call to Matriculates

DEFENCE SERVICES HEADQUARTERS
REQUIRE
CLERKS * TYPISTS
STENOGRAPHERS

A good opportunity for young men aged 17 to 30
No overseas liability. Stations: Delhi, Simla, Meerut

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RATES OF PAY

CLERKS AND TYPISTS—Rs. 60/- In Scale Rs. 60-5-100-10-200, plus dearness allowance and other concessions.

STENOGRAPHERS—Rs. 125/- In Scale Rs. 125-5-180-10-300, plus dearness allowance and other concessions.

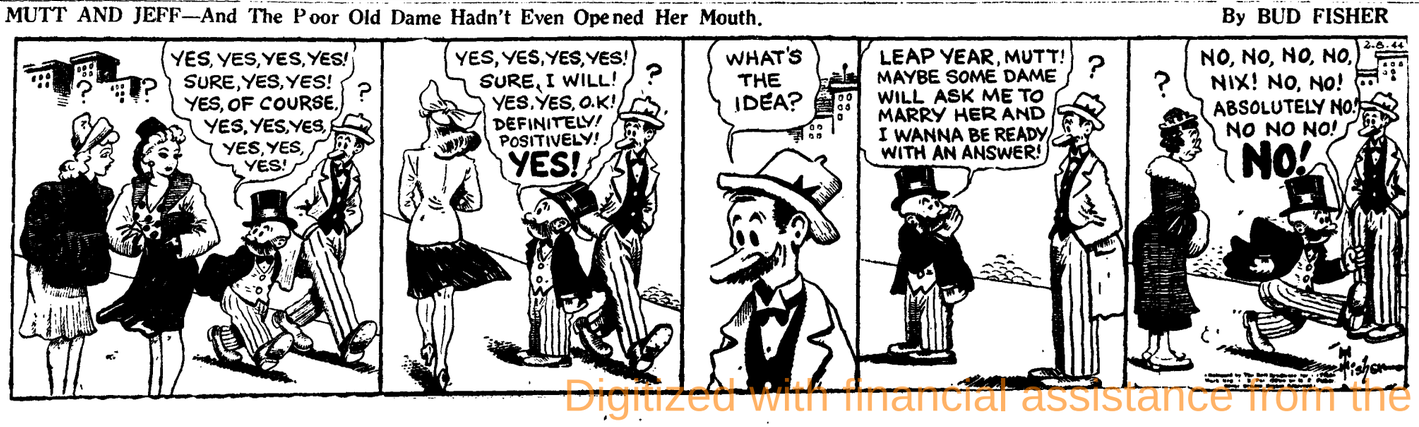
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FOR PARTICULARS APPLY NOW TO THE COMMANDANT, G.H.Q. CLERKS' TRADE TESTING SCHOOL CORNWALLIS ROAD, NEW DELHI.

Applications from candidates already employed by the Defence Services will only be considered if forwarded through proper channels and if the departments concerned are prepared to release those who are selected

AAA 310

MUTT AND JEFF—And The Poor Old Dame Hadn't Even Opened Her Mouth. By BUD FISHER



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OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS Per WORD

MINIMUM RS. 1/8-

To be paid in advance.

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Wanted well-placed Vadama bridegroom for girl studying in B.A. Apply with horoscopes, Box No. 8483, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted—A healthy, goodlooking, modern graduate youth, belonging to a cultured modern aristocratic family for a 17 year old cultured educated and beautiful Maheswari girl coming from a rich modern business family domiciled in Madras. Applications from Maheswari and also Agarwal Maheswari community invited. Advertising for better selection. Photographs and horoscopes exchanged. Apply with full particulars to Box No. 3641, "Bombay Chronicle."

SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted: One Principal and one Superintendent of workshop. Applicants must be well-qualified and experienced. Pay according to qualifications. Nationalists will be preferred. Apply to the General Manager, Prem Maha Vidyalaya, Mechanical Engineering College, Brindaban U. P.. (8481)

Wanted Indian Educated Lady as companion to a Rani. Please apply to Chief Minister, Nagod, C.I. (3642)

Wanted Representatives on salary of Rs. 200/- per month or on commission in every district of Madras Presidency. The Indian Research Laboratory. 16, Belgachia Road, P. O. Shambazar, Calcutta. (3643)

Wanted experienced Ledger-Keeper and Clerks knowing typewriting. Apply personally with copies of testimonials and application between 10 and 11 a.m. to Powells Ltd., Girgaon, Bombay 4. 3600

Wanted: A well qualified and experienced middle-aged Governess of nice and congenial temperament for three children of respectable aristocratic Hindu family. Aged 5 yrs., 4 yrs and 2 yrs. respectively. The Governess will have to go outside Bombay from time to time with the family. Pay will be considerable according to qualifications. Apply to Box No. 8479, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted by a well established Life Insurance Company Organising Secretaries for Bombay Presidency, Kathiawar and Cutch, Ahmedabad and Rajputana. Only well connected and experienced persons who can guarantee business need apply stating particulars. Box No. 3646, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted an experienced industrial chemist for a proposed bakelite products (plastic moulds) mfg. concern in Northern India. Apply with testimonials and pay acceptable to Box No. 3635A, "Bombay Chronicle."

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Institute of Radio Technology, Jestharam Baug, Tram-junction, Dadar, gives intensive course of high standard embracing all phases of Radio science in their modern and well equipped Laboratory. Day and Special evening classes commence from 25th June. Apply Secretary (8443)

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Ask your chemist for Esty Brand tablets. Calcium Gluconate with Vitamins A and D, Calcium Lactate, etc. Tablets Limited, P. B. 67 Madras. Bombay Address: Tablets Limited, 11, Western India House. Sir Phirozshah Mehta Road, Fort Bombay. 3170

FINANCE & PARTNERSHIP

Wanted an individual financier on 50-50 bases upto a lakh of rupees for the development of Post-War Business of a well established concern. Apply Box No. 8458, "Bombay Chronicle."

AGENTS WANTED

Wanted stockist Agents in all Principal Towns of India for our fast selling product Diabaco for Diabetes on most liberal terms Apply Advani & Co., Shewaram Dewanmal Road. Karachi. 8426

AGENCIES WANTED

A well established reputed limited concern having its organization in C. P., Bearer, Nizam State, Central India and in the Province of Bombay seeks Agencies of all sorts of business lines, on Provincial or All India bases. Interested parties should enquire on the following address. The New Premiere Agency Ltd., Ahmednagar. Branches: Bombay, Poona, Nagpur. (8484)

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Want to purchase and take over Provident Insurance Company. Please apply to Sucharu Roy, C|o Sundry Industry Promoters Ltd., 52|9, Bowbazar St., Calcutta. (8482)

PUBLIC NOTICES

THE SHOLAPUR SPG. & WVG. CO. LTD.

OLD HOOP IRON FOR SALE

THE BUYERS of the old iron hoops are requested to apply to the undersigned if interested for buying the stock lying in the mill compound. The last day for receiving such applications will be 20th June 1945.

For the Sholapur Spg. & Wvg. Co. Ltd.
MORARKA & CO.,
Agents.

PUBLIC NOTICES

Phone: CAL 1464 & 1465. Gram: ARYOPLANTS.

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LIMITED.

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A FEW IMPORTANT POINTS FOR INFORMATION

- (1) Cultivation of Saboi Grass and other paper pulus in Company's own land, (2) factory site on riverside in coal field area and (3) Railway Siding just by the side of the factory site,—all these will help minimising cost of production to a great extent.
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- Pref. shareholders shall get their Fixed Dividend of 6% (Tax-free) from the very day of their share money being fully paid up.
- Good Dividends may very rightly be expected on the sale of Saboi Grass and other pulps and Card Board and Straw Board.
- Convenient method of paying share money by easy instalments is offered.
- **NECESSARY ADVANCE PAYMENTS HAVE ALREADY BEEN MADE FOR INSTALLATION OF LATEST AND UP-TO-DATE MACHINERIES FROM ENGLAND.**

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For ORDY. SHARES OF Rs. 10|- each:—

Re. 1|- per share with application. Re. 1|- within a month of allotment and balance in 4 equal instalments at an interval of 2 months between each call.

For PREF. SHARES OF Rs. 10|- each:—

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INFLUENTIAL AGENTS WANTED

Consent of the Central Government has been obtained to this issue of Capital, subject to the condition that so much of the Capital as cannot in the Government's judgment be properly expended until some uncertain future date is invested and kept invested in prescribed securities which will not be released until the Central Government, (in consultation with the Crown Representative if any Indian State interests are involved), is satisfied that the time has come to make corresponding payments for purposes which are consistent with the enforcement of any measures of control or restriction that may be in operation at the time when such release is applied for. It must be distinctly understood that in giving this consent the Government of India do not take any responsibility for the financial soundness of any schemes or for the correctness of the statements made or opinion expressed with regard to them.

3478

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

NOTICE.

ALL LANDLORDS in the Tardeo area are hereby informed that with a view to improve the conditions of water supply to the occupants, especially those residing on the upper floors, the Municipality has decided, as a tentative measure, to fix 1|2" orifices to the Bib taps on the ground and 1st floors of their premises, and that the work will be commenced immediately. They are requested to give the Municipal staff every facility to carry out the work.

U. M. MIRCHANDANI,
Municipal Commissioner
for the City of Bombay.
(3645)

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY

FRESH TENDERS in English, are invited in sealed covers for providing office accommodation in the general offices Churchgate.

Tenders should reach the office of the Executive Engineer, B. B. & C. I. Rly., Churchgate, not later than 11-30 hours on 18-6-45.

Tender form with schedule of quantities and conditions can be had from the office of the Executive Engineer, during office hours on payment of Rs. 2|- only which will not be refunded.

Tenders will be accepted on this form only, and must be accompanied by conditions, both form and conditions being signed by the tenderers.

Details such as plans etc. can be seen in the Executive Engineer's office during office hours.

3598

PORTUGUESE S. S. COLONIAL "COMPANHIA COLONIAL DE NAVEGACAO"

This steamer will leave Mormugao Harbour for Bombay very shortly and will take cargo and passengers to Beira and Lourenco Marques (P.E.A.) as well as to all the Portuguese ports on her route to Lisbon. For details apply to BANCO NACIONAL ULTRAMARINO, CHURCHGATE STREET, BOMBAY.

3614

SULTANATE OF LAHEJ

ELECTRICAL AND MECHANICAL ENGINEER.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the post of an Electrical and Mechanical Engineer in the Sultanate of Lahej in the Aden Protectorate on the following terms:

SALARY—Rs. 200|- to Rs. 300|- per mensem according to qualifications.

CONTRACT—Three years terminable by either party after the first six months.

PASSAGES—Free second class on first appointment and termination of contract.

QUARTERS—Free unfurnished.

LEAVE—Three months leave on full pay after 3 years of residential service.

Applications should be addressed to the British Agent, Western Aden Protectorate, Aden giving age, qualifications etc. i.e. whether proficient in Electricity, Mechanical Work, including Deisel Engines, Drills and Tractors; and should be accompanied by a latest photograph.

(3639)

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Affiliated for the B.A., B.Com. and B.Sc. classes to the Agra University and to the Rajputana Board for Intermediate Arts, Science and Commerce classes. Preparatory B.Com. classes for I.A. students with Economics. First class Staff; large well-equipped library and laboratory, extensive play grounds; ample hostel accommodation; excellent results; personal attention. 10 miles from the nearest railway station Chirawa. Regular railway bus connection. A number of frees and studentships and scholarships for first class students of poor means. Admission begins 17th July. Apply with four anna stamps for prospectus and admission form to Head Clerk, Birla College, Pilani.

PUBLIC NOTICES

BOMBAY PORT TRUST.

STORES DEPARTMENT.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the post of 2nd Assistant Controller of Stores.

Applicant must be a graduate with experience of Stores and office administration. Applicant should be over 25 years and under 40 years of age.

The pay of the post is Rs. 375-20-475, plus house rent allowance and war allowance admissible under the Rules. The selected candidate will be on probation for a period of 6 months and will be confirmed on the permanent staff if found satisfactory after that period. He will be required to produce a certificate of physical fitness from the Bombay Port Trust Chief Medical Officer. The post is subject to the usual leave and Provident Fund Rules of the Bombay Port Trust as amended from time to time.

Applications giving age and full particulars of qualifications and experience with copies of certificates must reach this office not later than 30th June 1945 and should be addressed to the undersigned ONLY and endorsed "APPOINTMENT OF 2nd ASSISTANT CONTROLLER OF STORES." Applications from persons already in employment must be forwarded through their existing employers.

Any attempt to bring personal influence to bear upon the members of the Board of Trustees will disqualify the candidate concerned.

S. M. DOCTOR,
Ag. Controller of Stores.
Clarke Bunder,
Mazagon, Bombay, No. 10.
(3637)

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PUBLIC NOTICES

ALL INDIA RADIO.

TEMPORARY VACANCIES OF TECHNICAL ASSISTANT

Pay Rs. 175-10-235-15|2-250

Candidates should not be over 35 years of age.

QUALIFICATIONS

A University degree in Electrical Engineering or Science with a special knowledge of Wireless and some practical experience of Wireless or Electrical Engineering. A certain number of vacancies are reserved for candidates of minority communities and members of 'Scheduled Castes.'

Applications on the prescribed form accompanied by a treasury receipt for Rs. 3|- should reach the Director of Administration, All-India Radio, Broadcasting House, New Delhi, not later than 26TH JULY, 1945. No claim for a refund of the fee will be entertained, nor will any fee be held in reserve for any subsequent selection. Applications already received in this office before this advertisement will not be considered unless submitted afresh on the prescribed form with the treasury receipt. A candidate who has appeared at an examination qualifying him for the post may apply in anticipation of the declaration of his results. His application will, however, only be considered on receipt of an intimation from him subsequently that he has passed the examination. Full particulars and the prescribed form can be had free of charge from the officer named above.

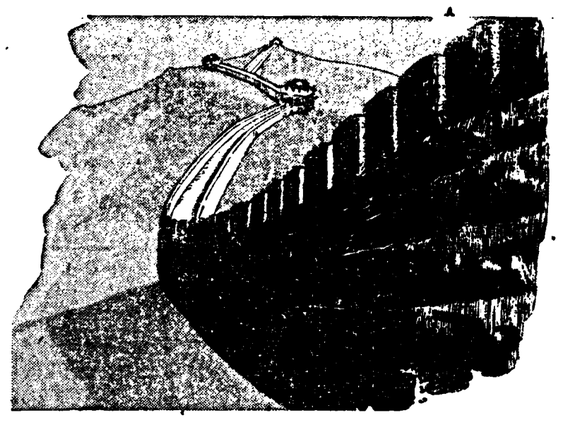
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Re-opens on 20th June, 1945. The College is recognised for and provides instruction for B.A. (Hons. & Pass) in English, Sanskrit, Marathi and Economics and B.A. (Pass) in, Gujarati, History, Philosophy and Mathematics. In F.Y.A and I.A. Classes lectures are given also in Persian, French, Urdu and Ardha-Magadhi. Hostel accommodation is available for 80 men and 25 women students. Students should apply to the Principal for admission. Details will be found in the printed Prospectus.

T. A. KULKARNI.
Principal.



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It is axiomatic that to avoid disaster one must keep abreast of the times. Take protection of goods in transit as an example. Yesterday the produce of the farm had to be carried merely from field to barn: Today valuable manufactures have to be shipped across a continent. With the change in the character and scale of transport, perfect protection becomes essential. That is why today Birkmyre canvas and paulins are continually in demand to fend off India's weather.

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Though most of the Birkmyre production is earmarked for purposes connected with the prosecution of the war, enquiries directed to the nearest office will have careful attention.

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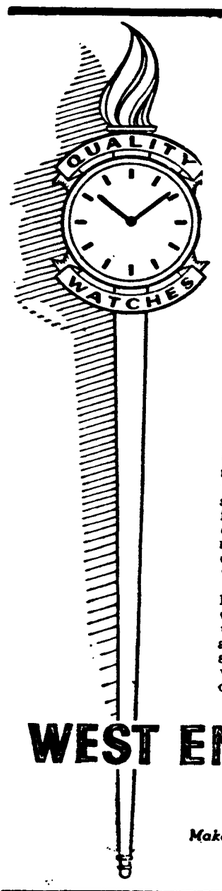
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WEST END WATCH Co.
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R.C.A. Victory Sound Projection systems perfected, after extensive research are now arriving.

These are the latest to come from the R.C.A. laboratories and are superior to any make or design so far produced. Exhibitors therefore, will not have to wait long for their equipments. They are on the way.

As soon as these equipments arrive, there is bound to be a rush demand. It is therefore advisable for Exhibitors to be on the safe side and register their requirements immediately.

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